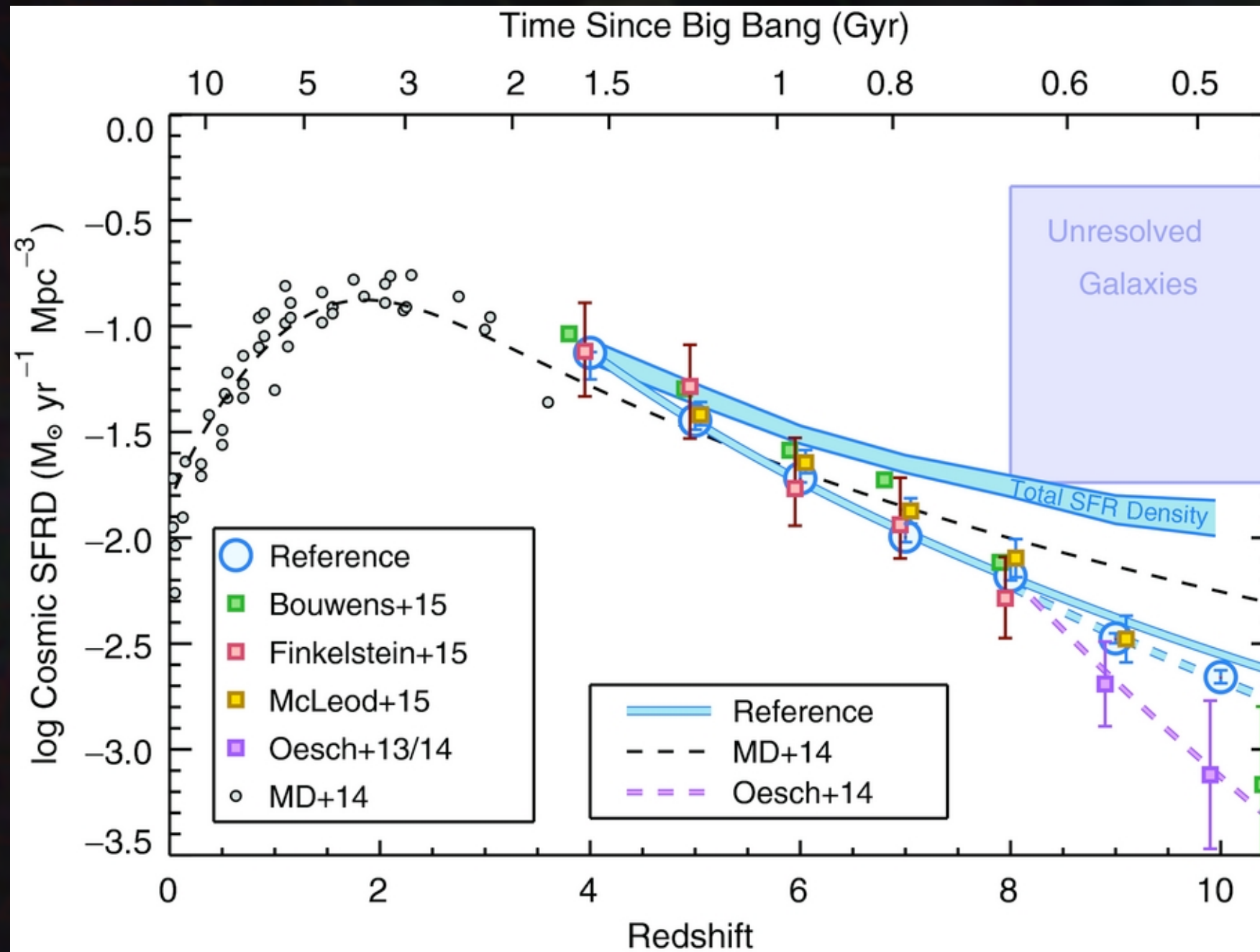


S.D. VERGANI

GRBs as tracers of cosmic SFR & first galaxies

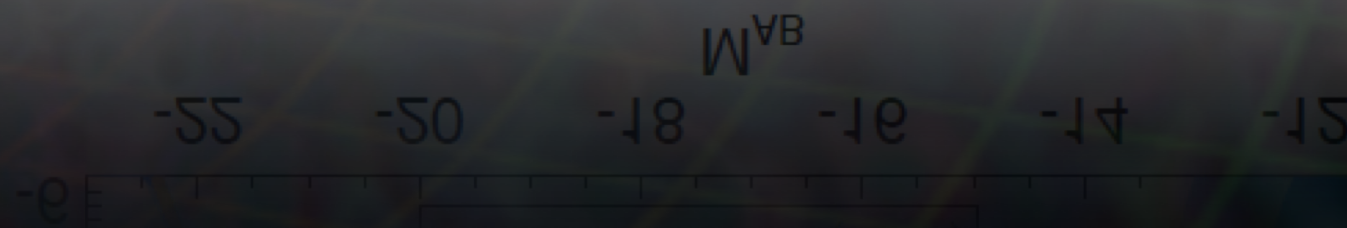
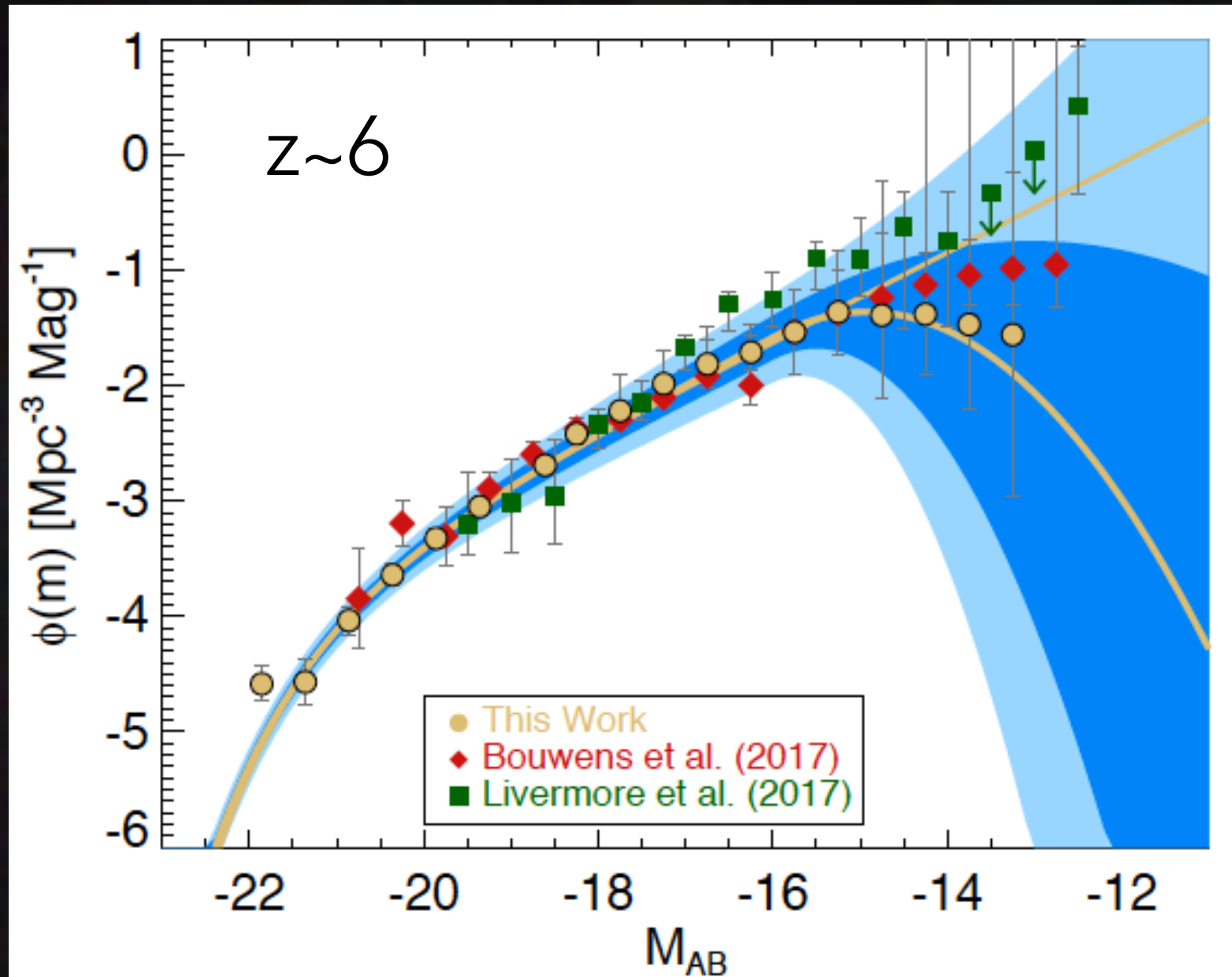
LGRBs AS SFR TRACERS

Finkelstein 2017



LGRBs AS SFR TRACERS

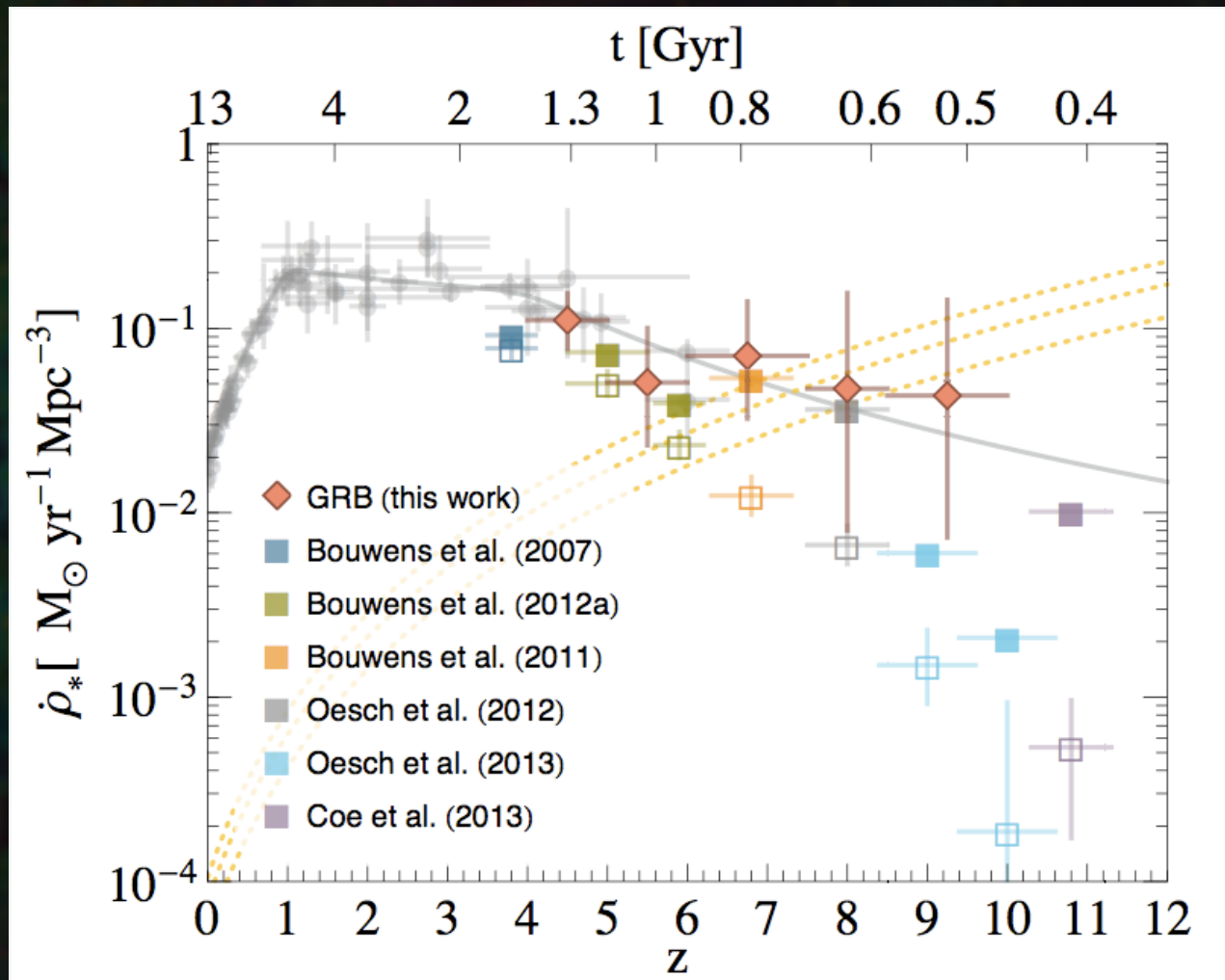
Atek+18



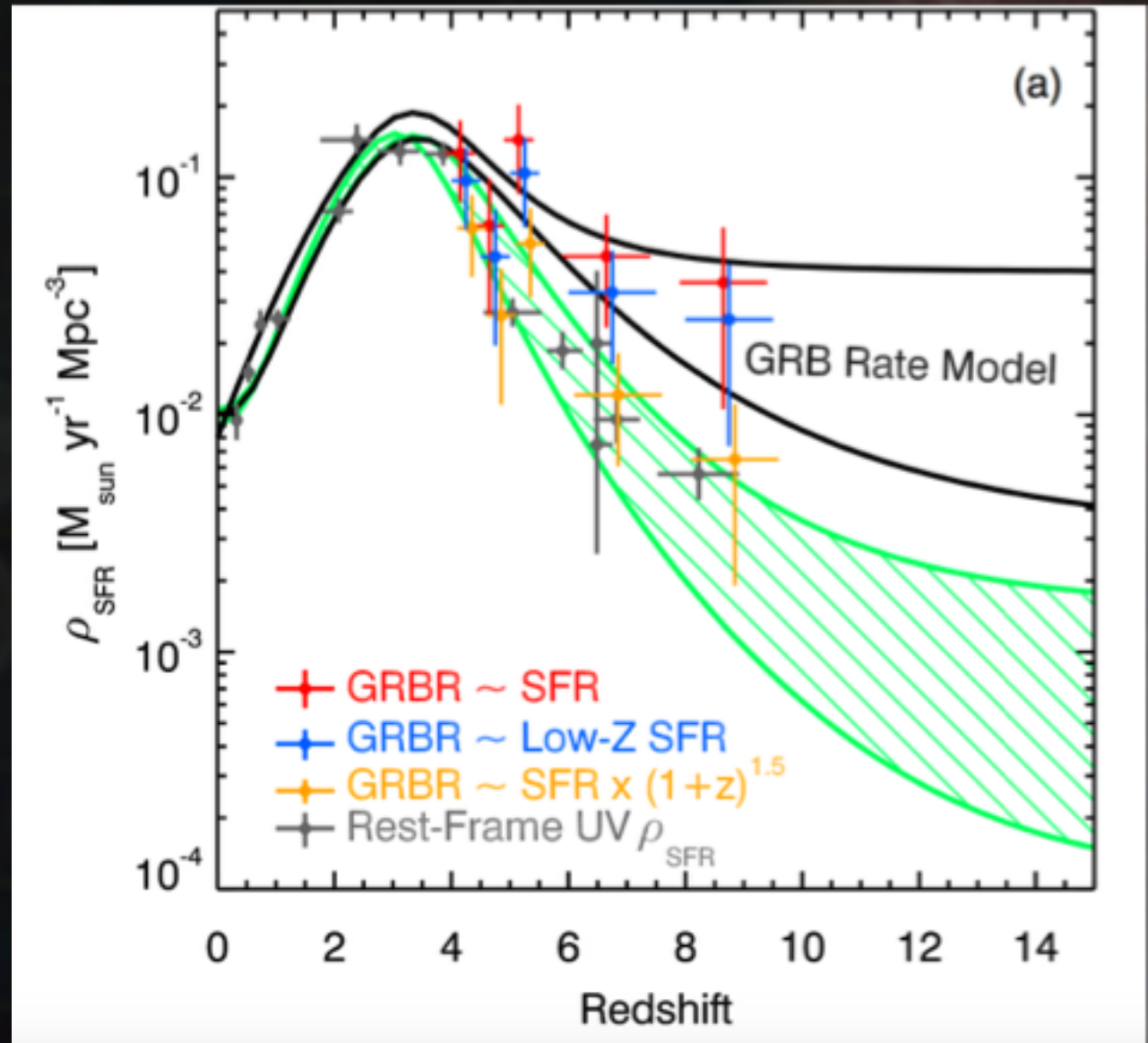
LGRBs AS SFR TRACERS

LGRBs produced by massive stars $\rightarrow$ star formation

Kistler+13



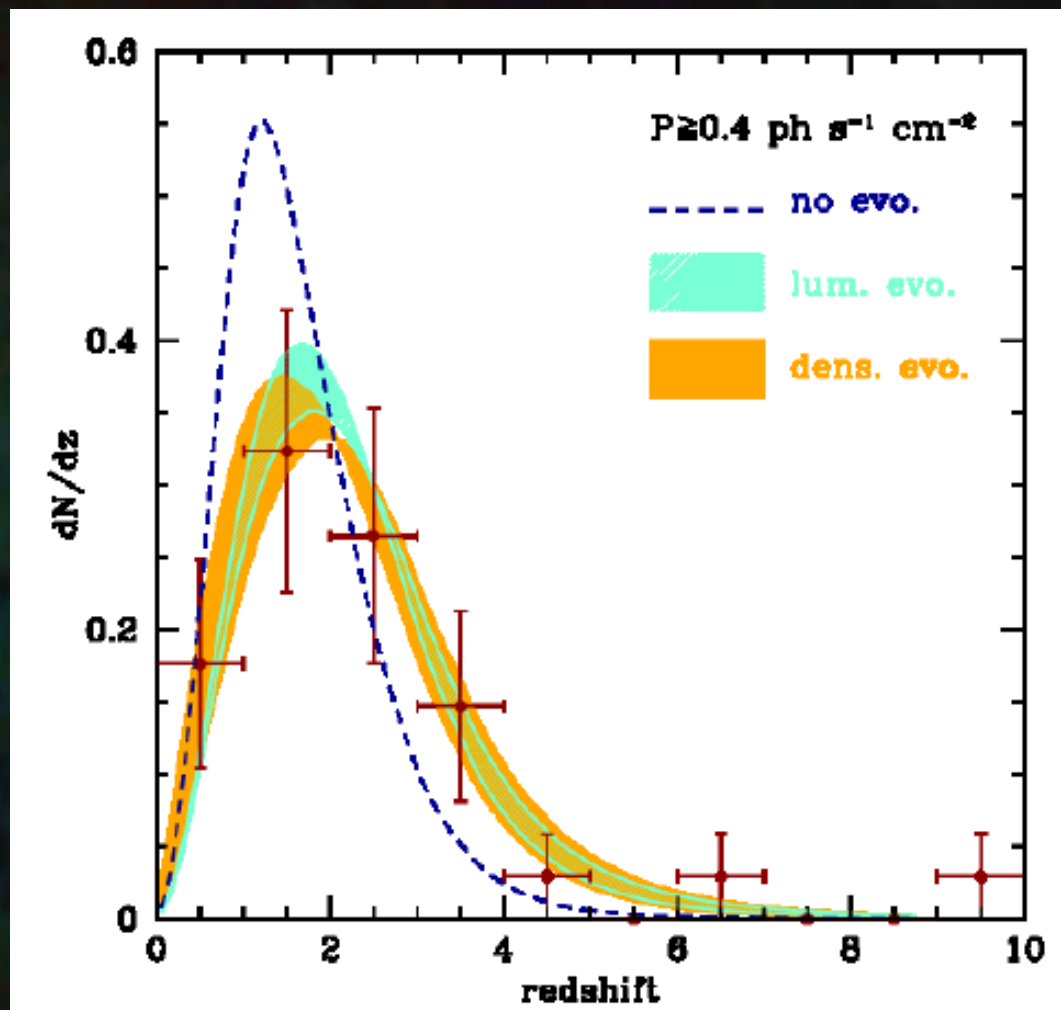
Robertson & Ellis 2012



LGRBs AS SFR TRACERS

? GRBrate = efficiency x SFR

? efficiency = eff.(z)



Salvaterra+12

Stellar evolution models predict that **metallicity** impacts the production of LGRB

Density evolution is expected

Progenitor star conditions needed to have a LGRB

LGRBs AS SFR TRACERS

Indirect information through host galaxy studies

- TOUGH: 69 galaxies, z completeness 85%, photometry
Hjorth+12
- X-Shooter sample: 96 galaxies, complete up to $z < 1$, spectroscopy
Krühler+15
- *Swift*/BAT6: 58 galaxies, z completeness 97%,
photometry (M_{star}) & spectroscopy (SFR & Z)
Salvaterra+12
- SHOALS: 119 galaxies, z completeness 92%, photometry
Perley+16

LGRBs AS SFR TRACERS

How: Comparison of the properties of LGRB host galaxies with those of star-forming galaxies (weighted by their SFR)

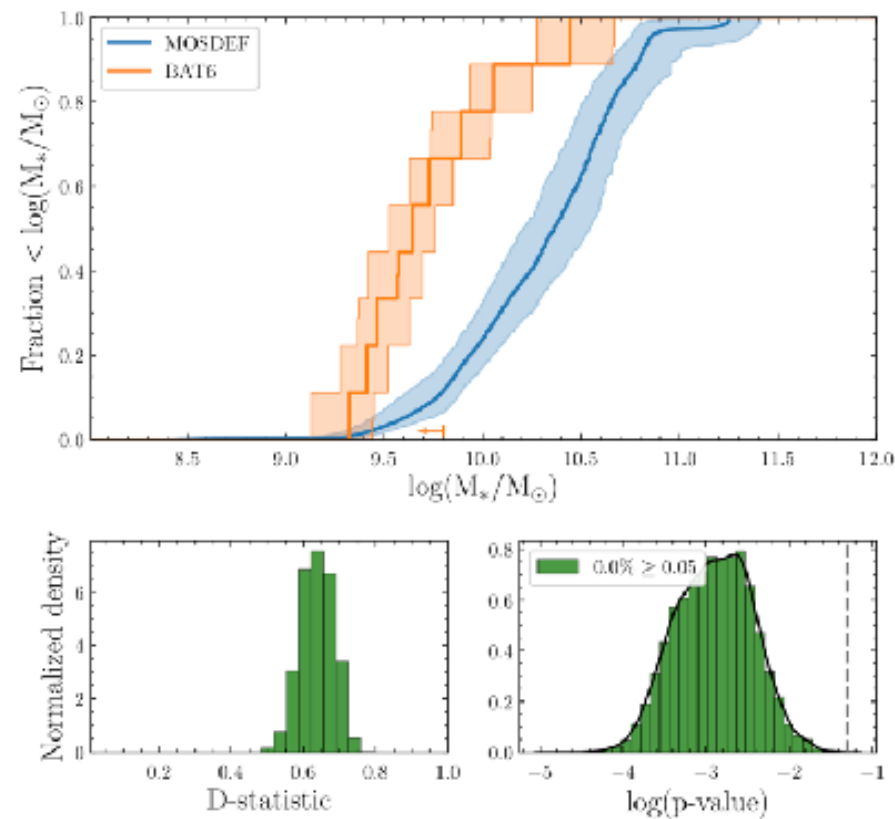
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LGRBs AS SFR TRACERS

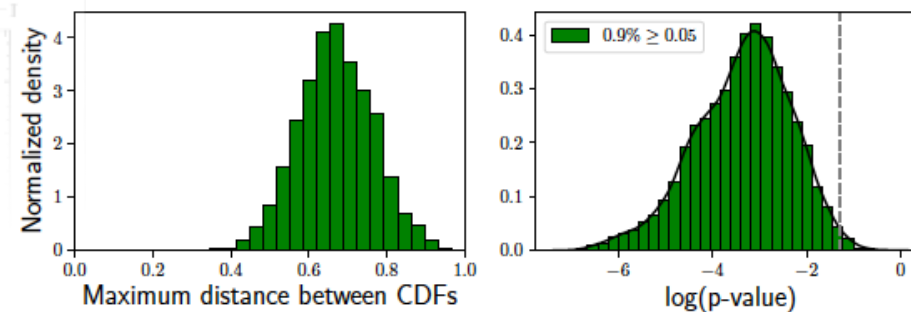
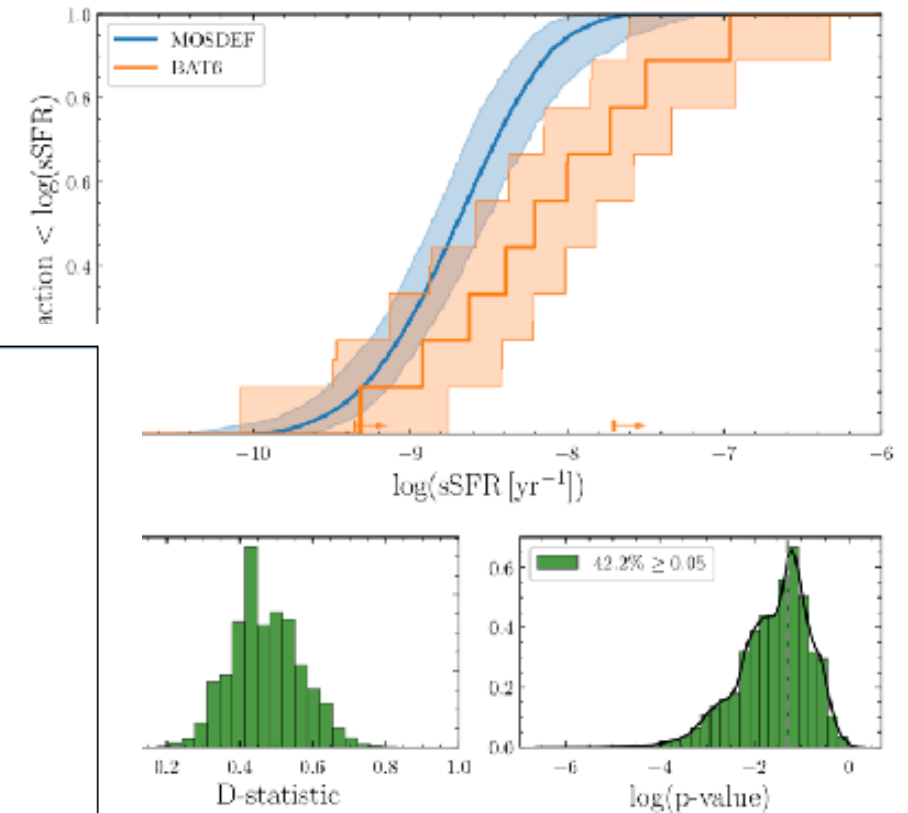
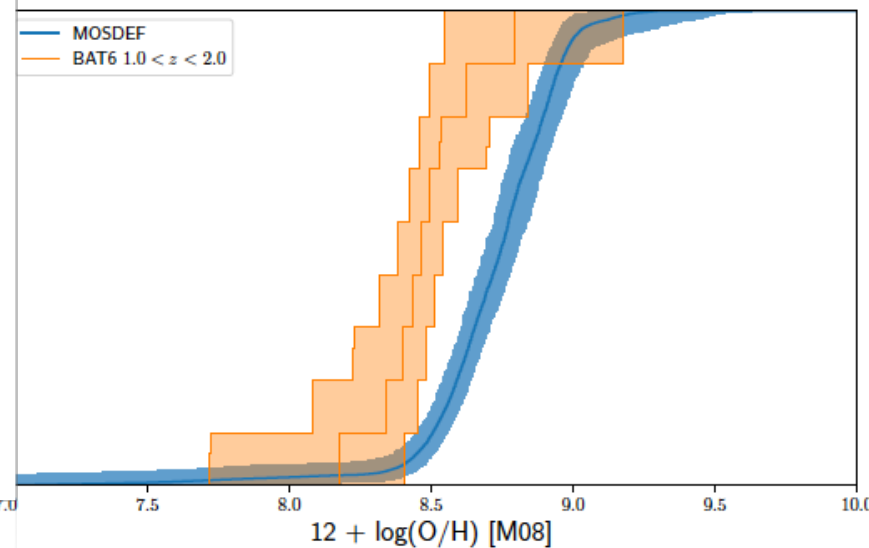
$0.3 < z < 1$ (Vergani+15; Japelj, Vergani+16) & **$1 < z < 2$** (Vergani+17; Palmerio, Vergani+19)

Host galaxy stellar mass

Host galaxy sSFR



Host galaxy
metallicity

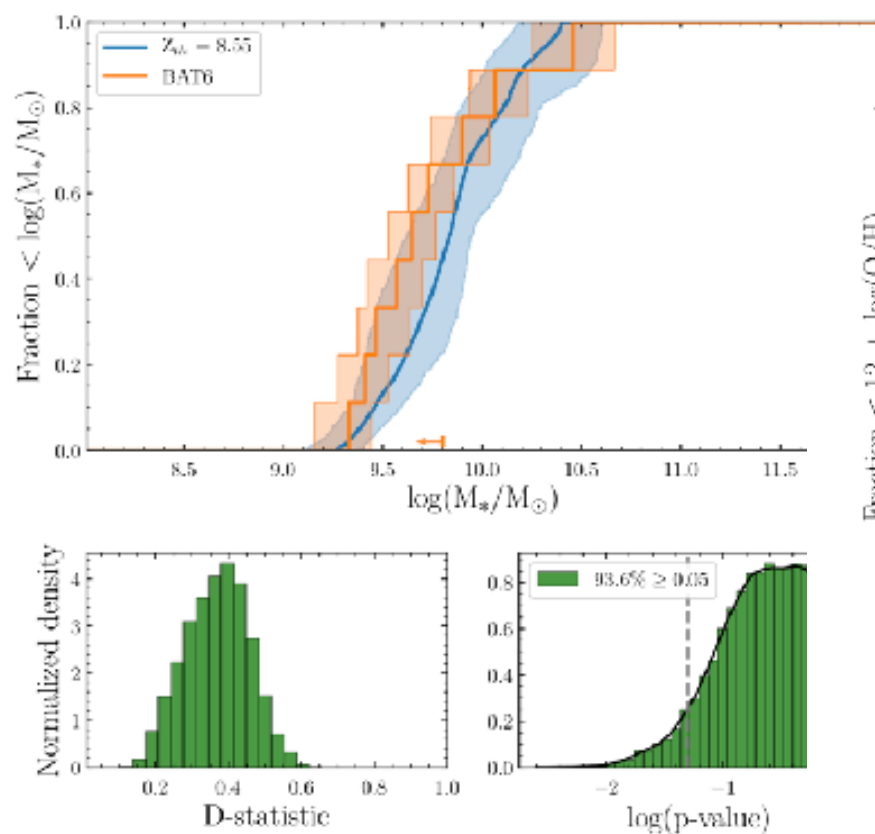


GRBs AS SFR TRACERS

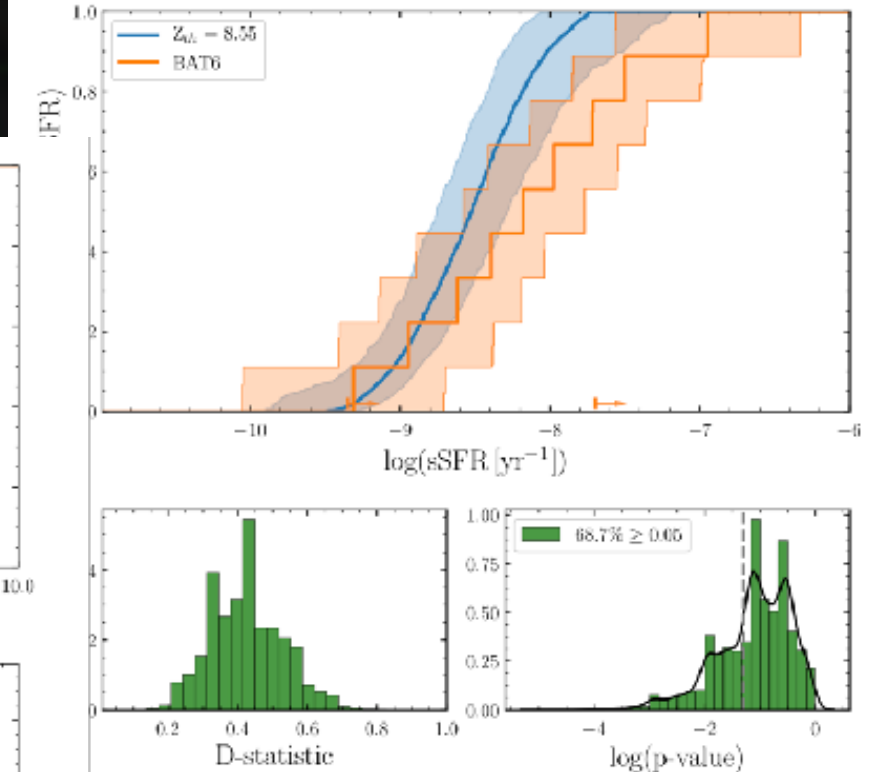
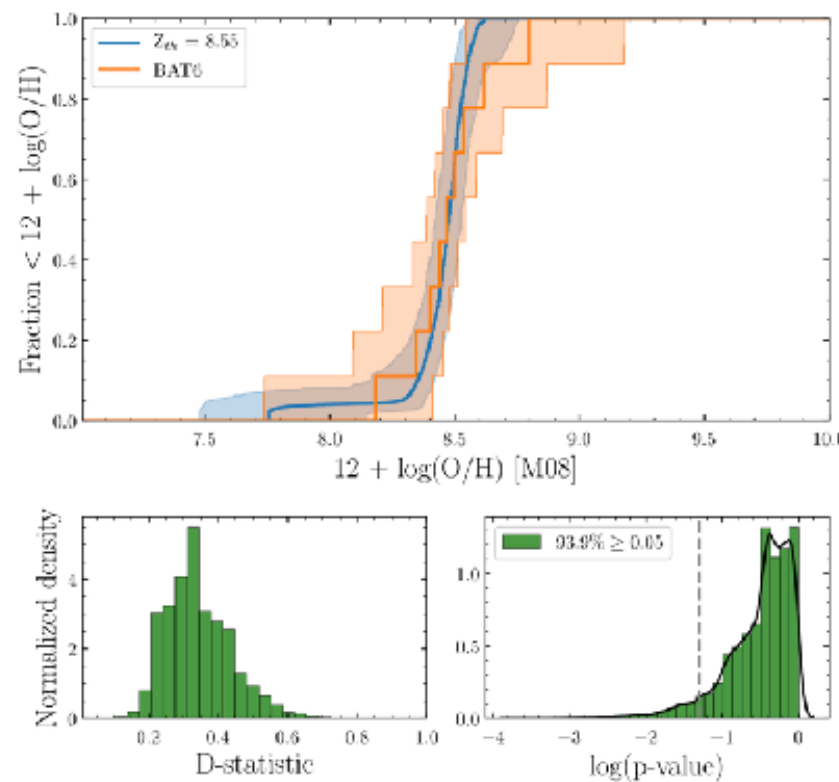
$$Z_{\text{th}}: 0.7Z_{\text{sun}}$$

stellar mass

sSFR



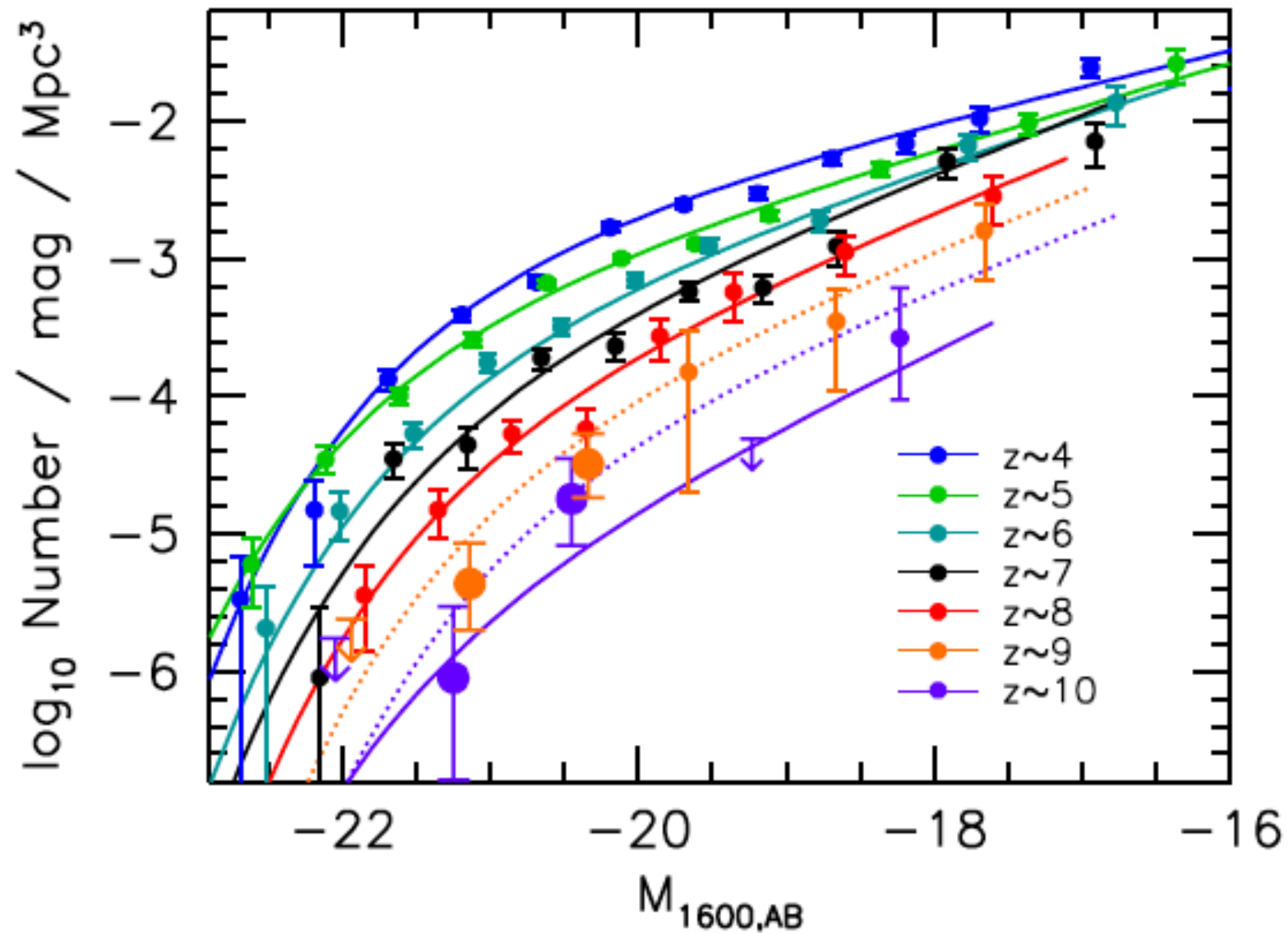
Metallicity



Palmerio+19

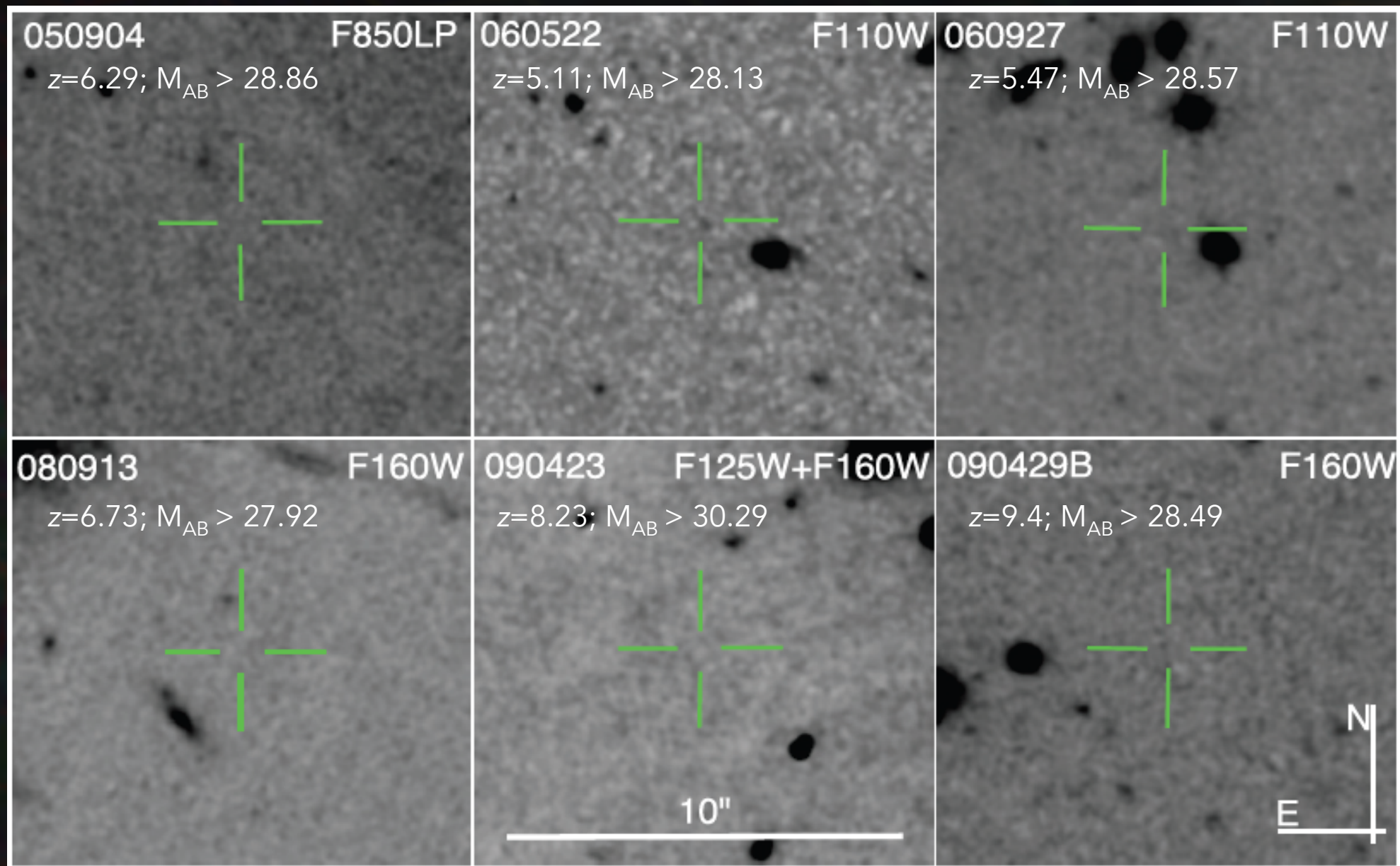
Metallicity is the driving factor,
LGRBs tracers of cosmic SF at $z > 3$

LGRBs & THE FIRST GALAXIES



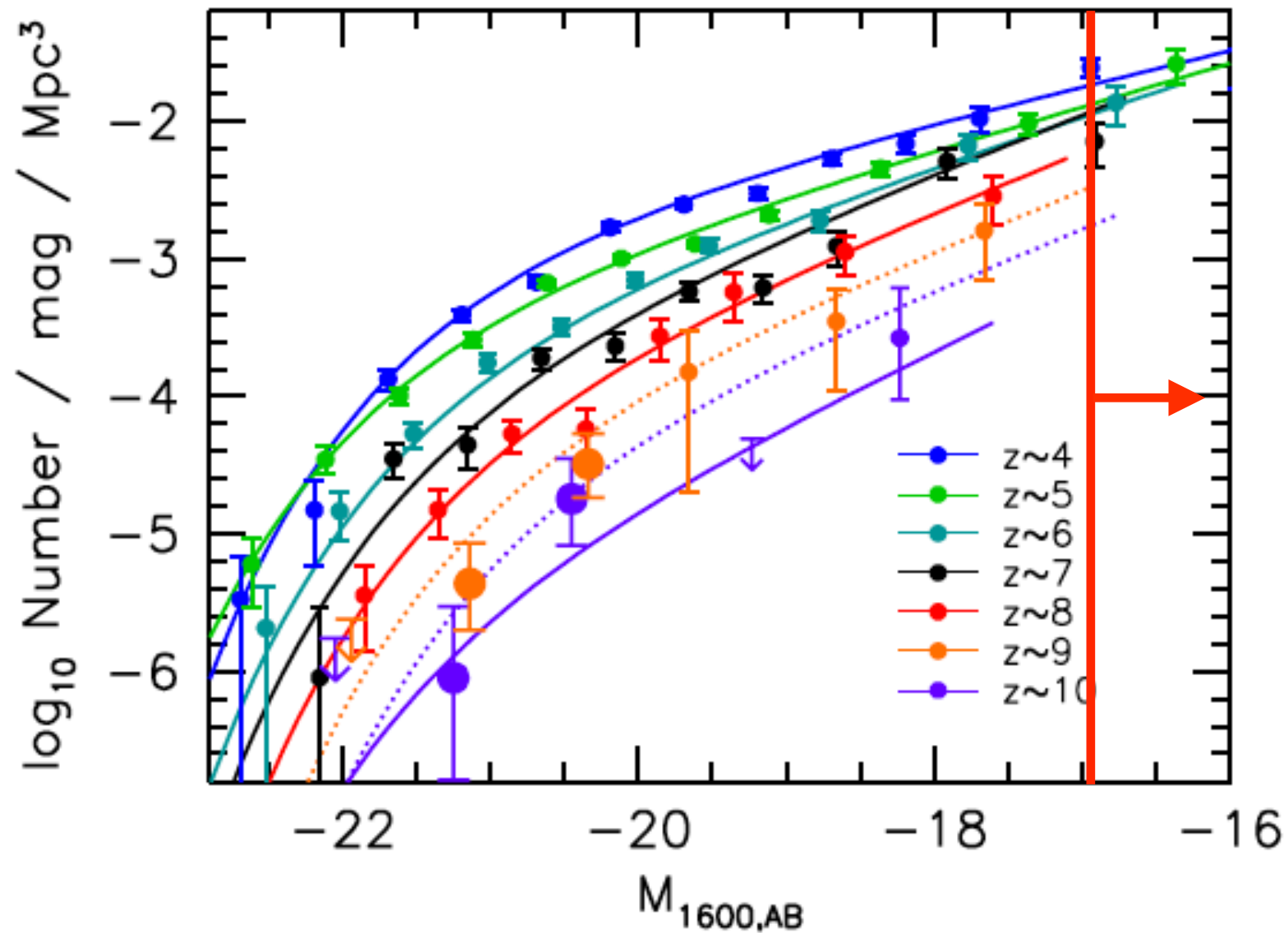
Bouwens+15

LGRBs & THE FIRST GALAXIES



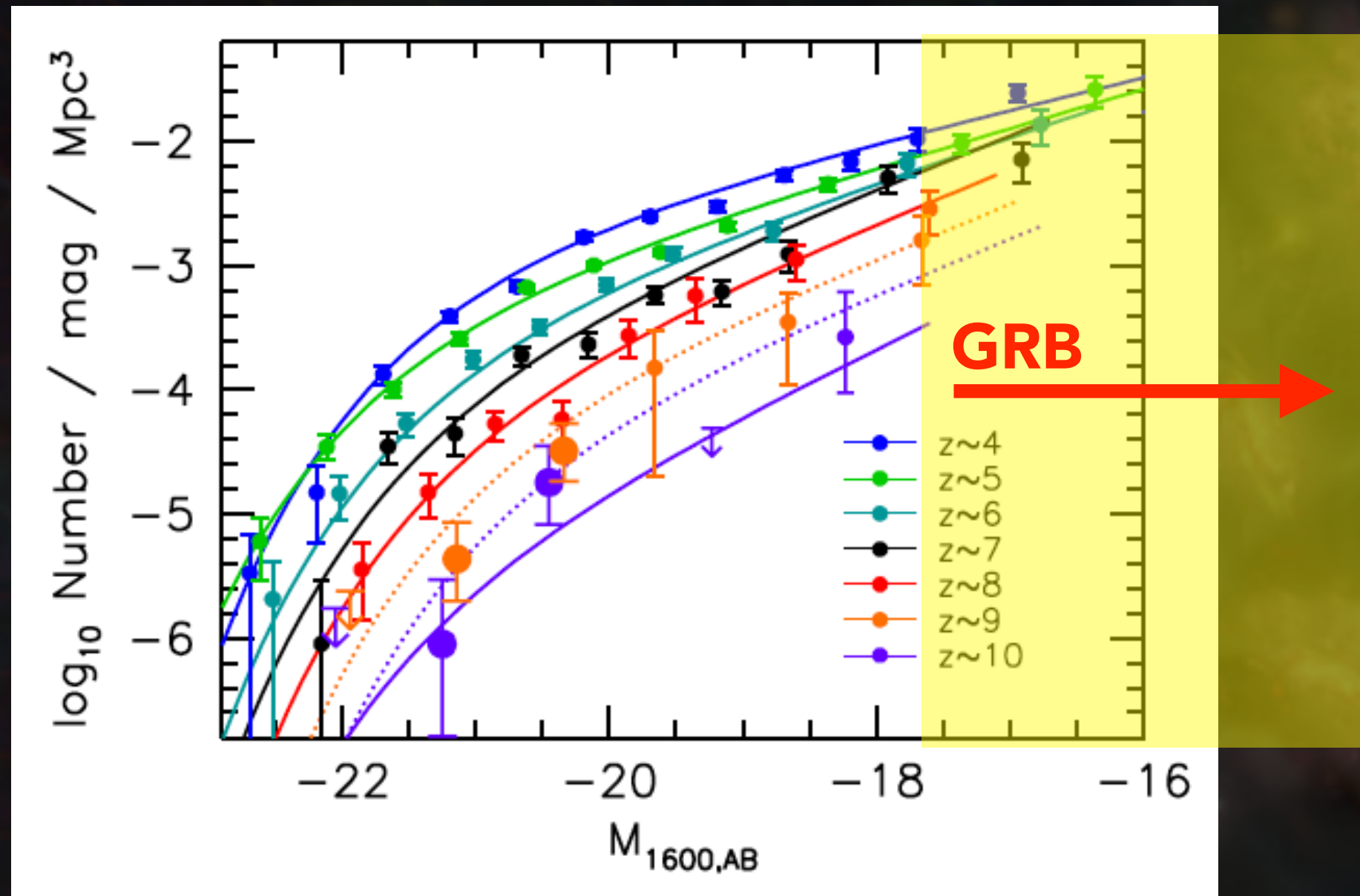
Tanvir+12

LGRBs & THE FIRST GALAXIES



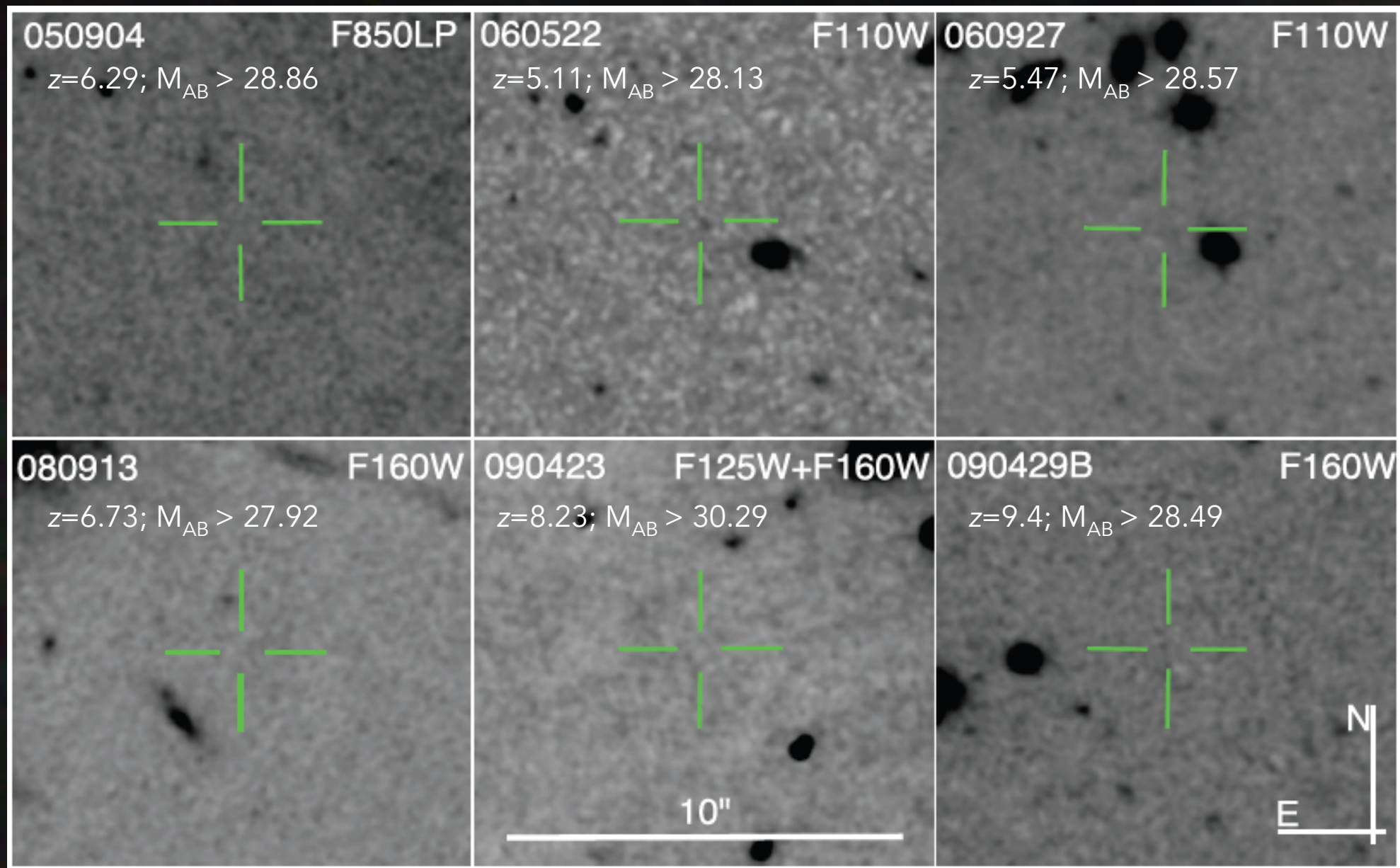
Bouwens+15

LGRBs & THE FIRST GALAXIES



Bouwens+15

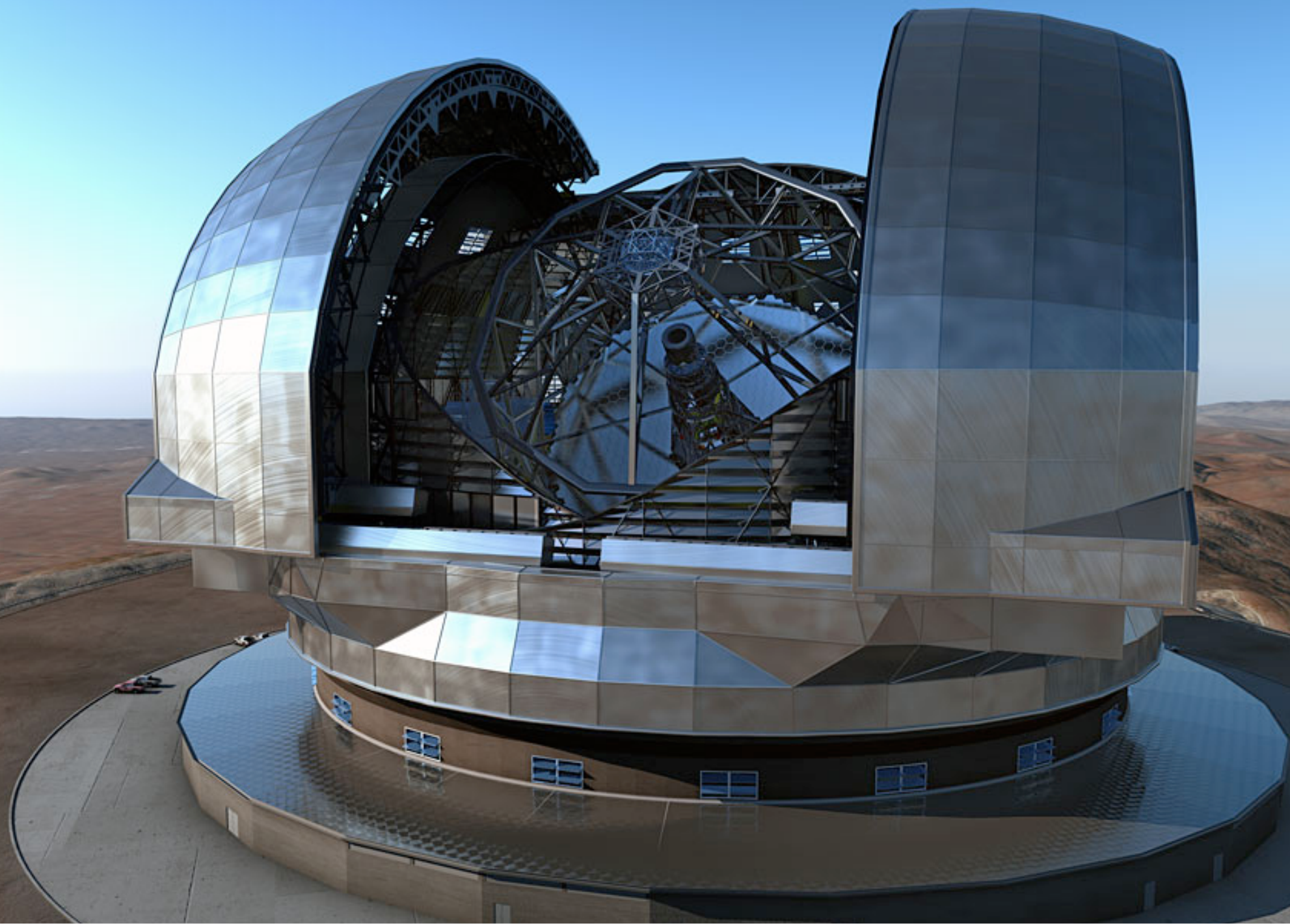
LGRBs & THE FIRST GALAXIES



Tanvir+12

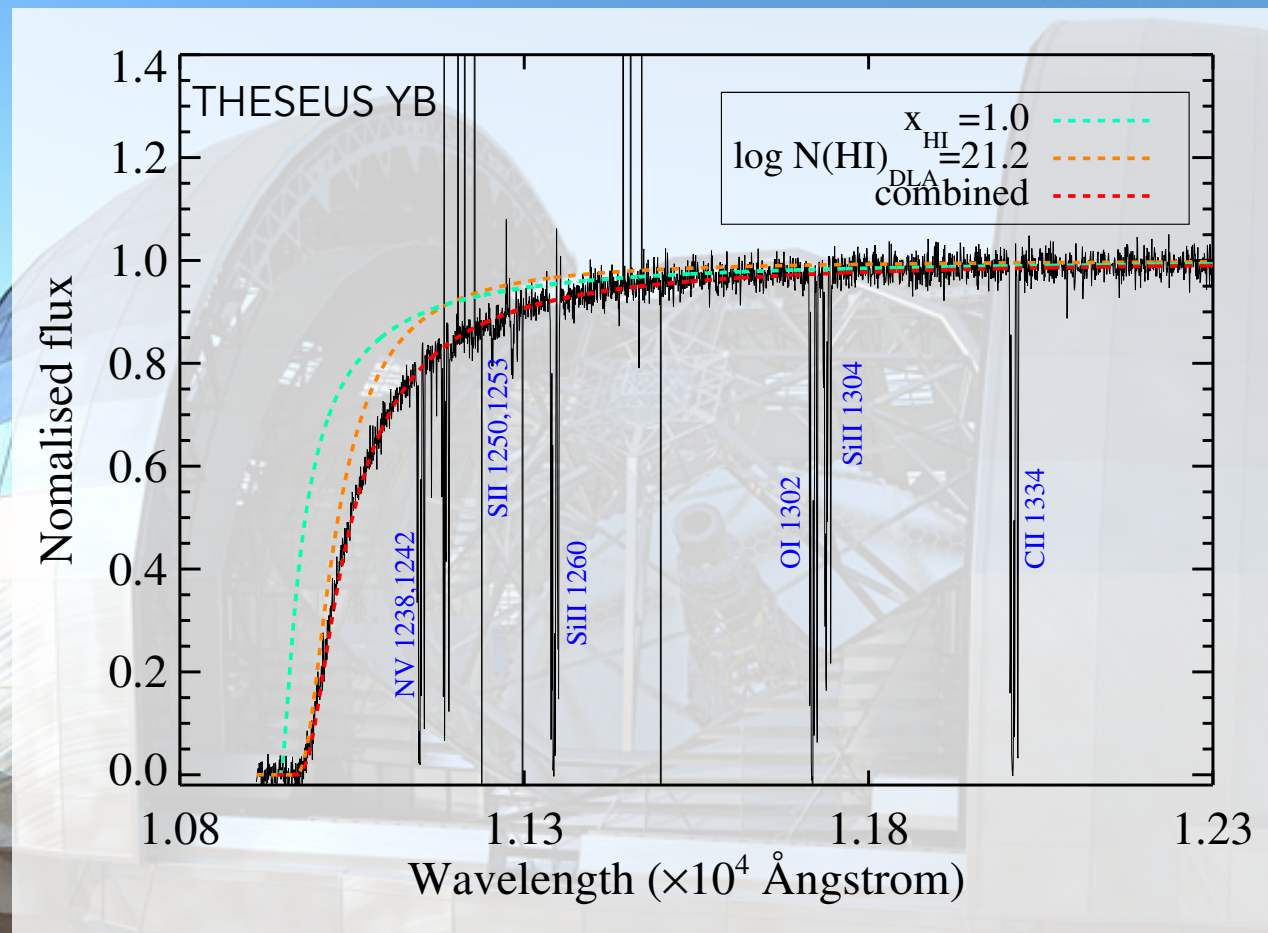
LGRB pinpoint very high- z galaxies
belonging to bulk of the population

LGRBs & THE FIRST GALAXIES



**Synergy with space & ground-based instruments
ELT to detect them**

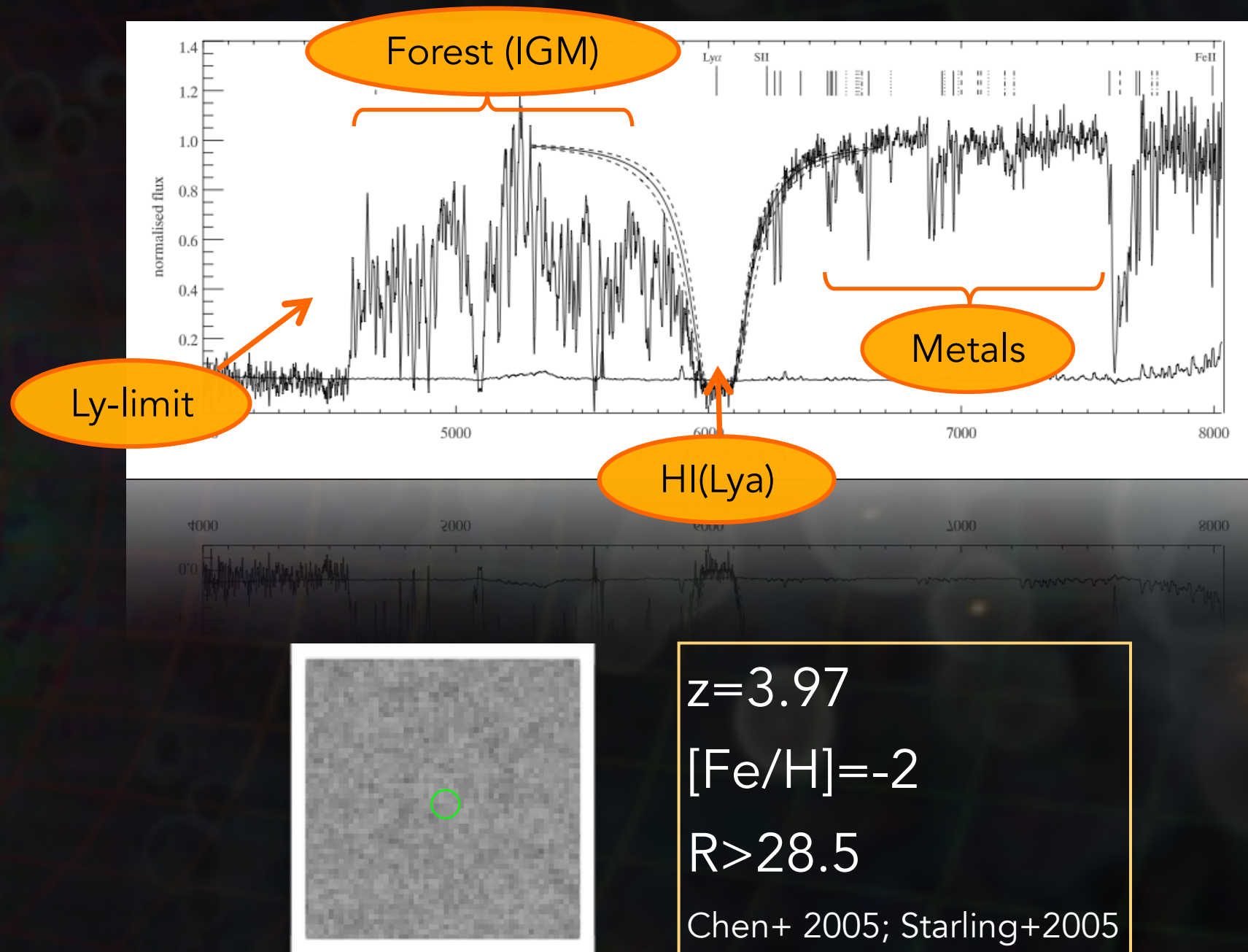
LGRBs & THE FIRST GALAXIES



+ GRB afterglow: unique information!!!
for galaxies belonging to the bulk
of the very high- z population

Synergy with space & ground-based instruments
ELT to detect them

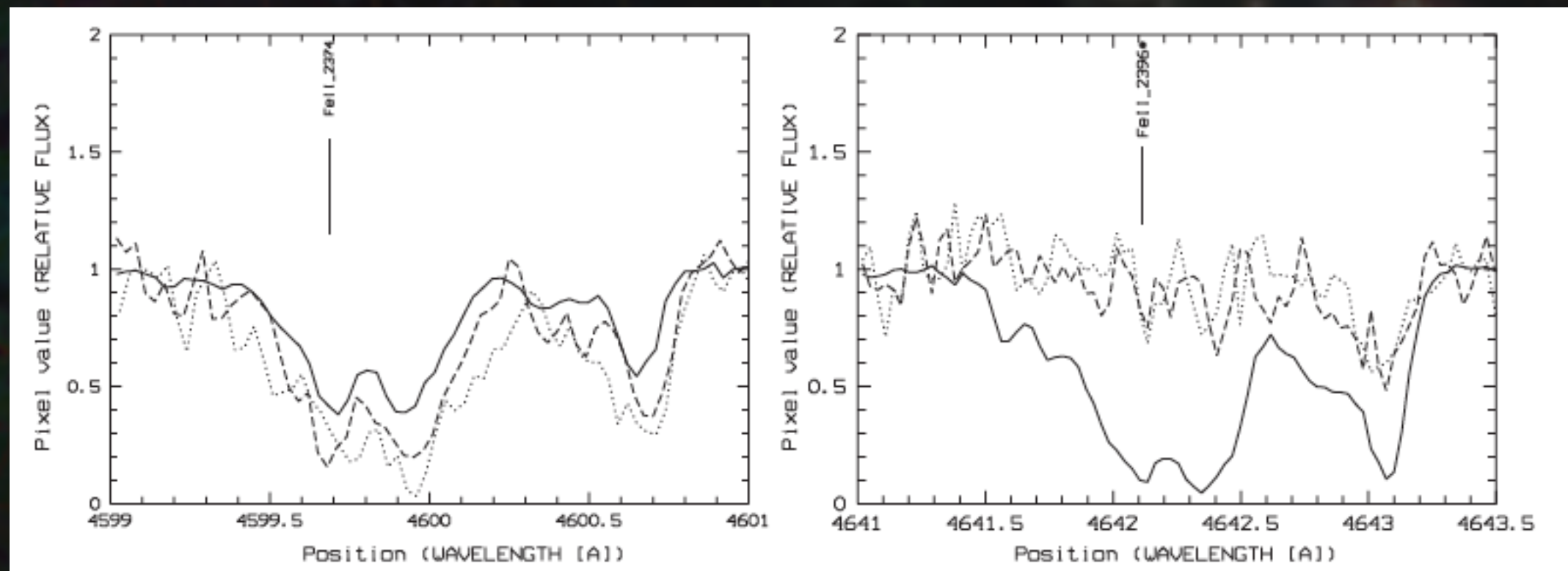
LGRBs & THE FIRST GALAXIES



LGRBs & THE FIRST GALAXIES

Fine-structure and meta-stable lines
due to UV-pumping caused by the radiation field
GRB afterglow + massive stars

D'Elia+09

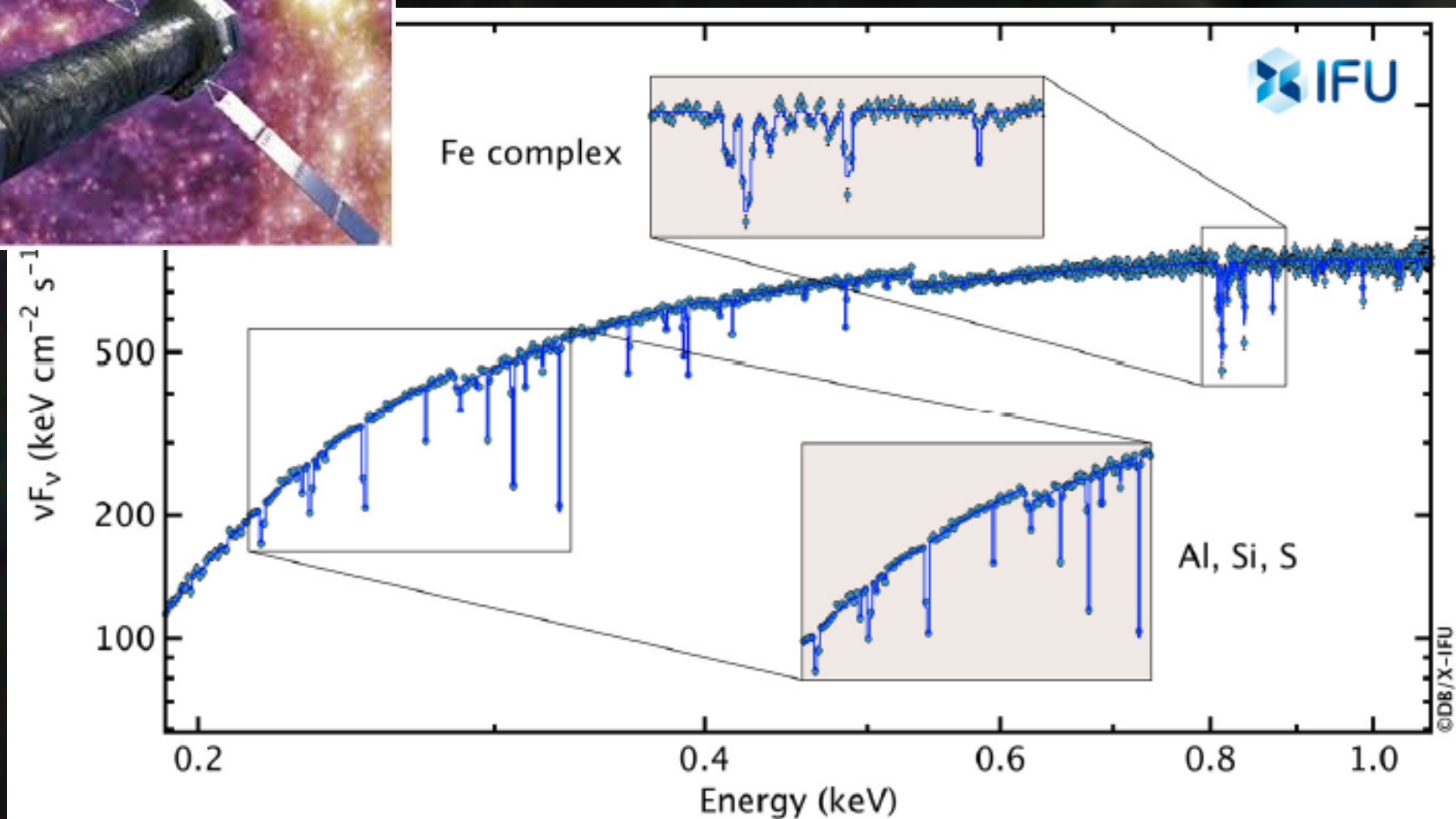


see also Vreeswijk+07,08,12,13

LGRBs & THE FIRST GALAXIES

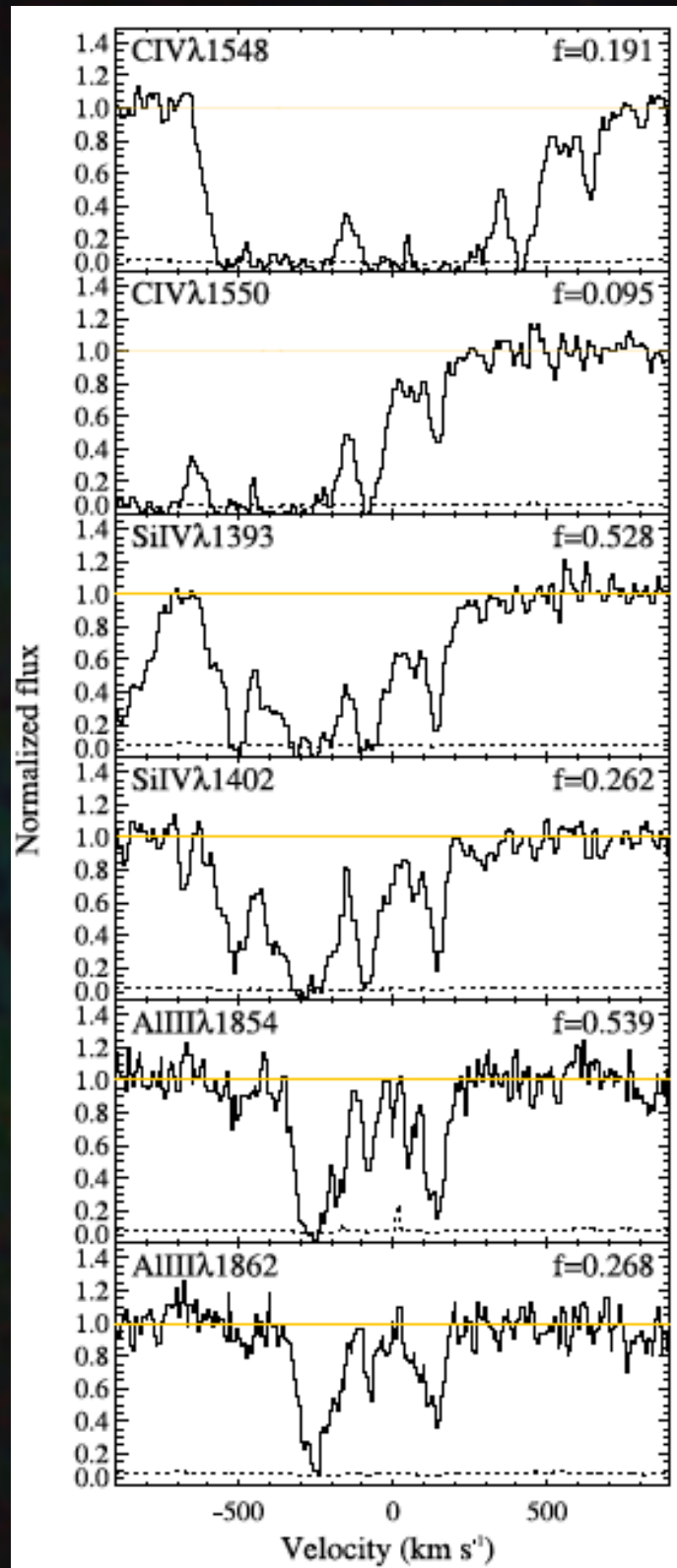


GRB @ $z \sim 8$

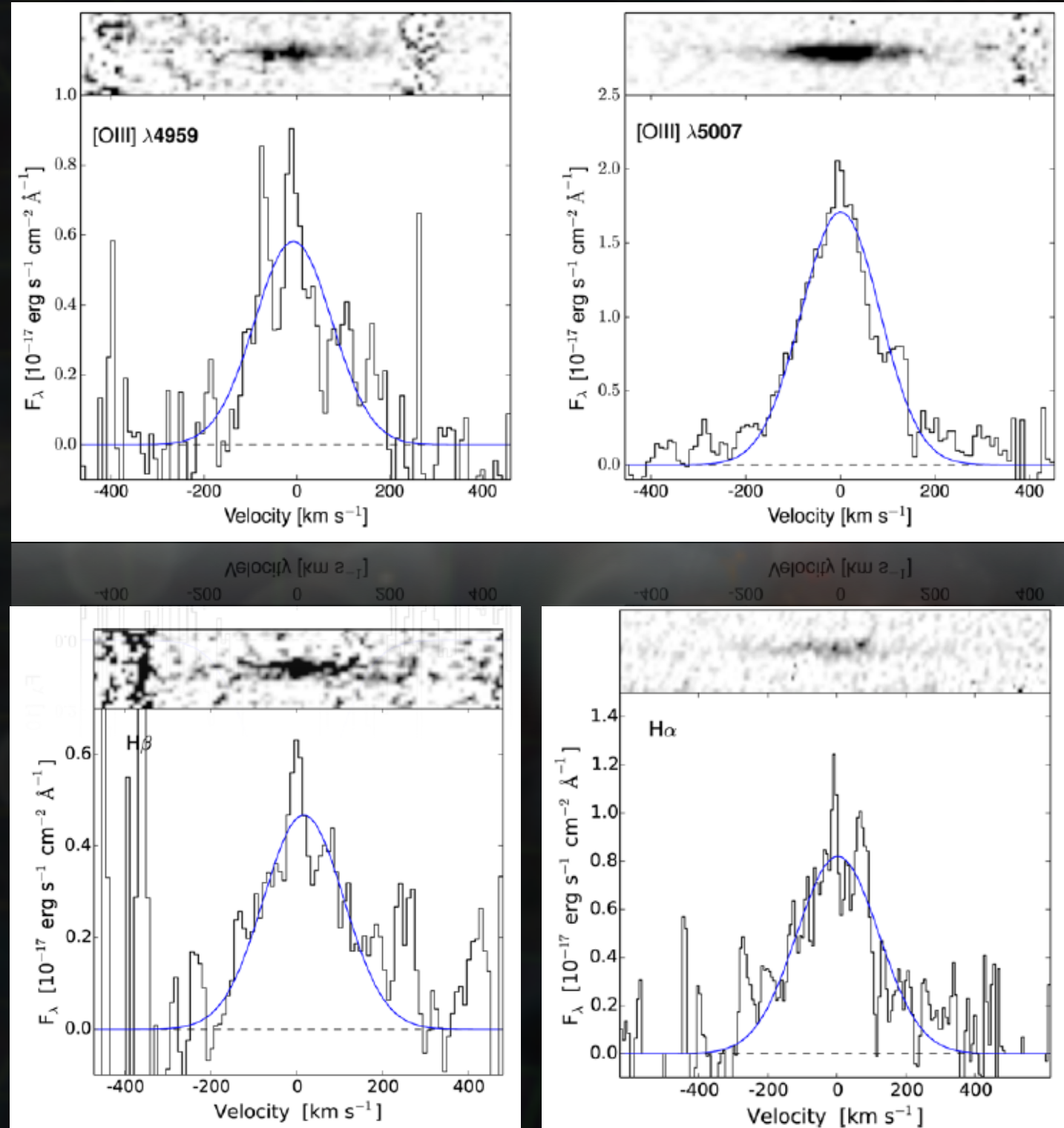


THESEUS YB

LGRBs & THE FIRST GALAXIES



Friis+15



GRB 121024A @ z=2.3

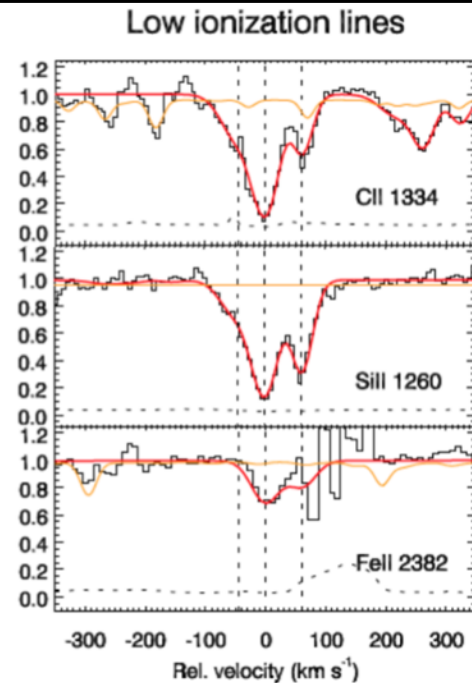
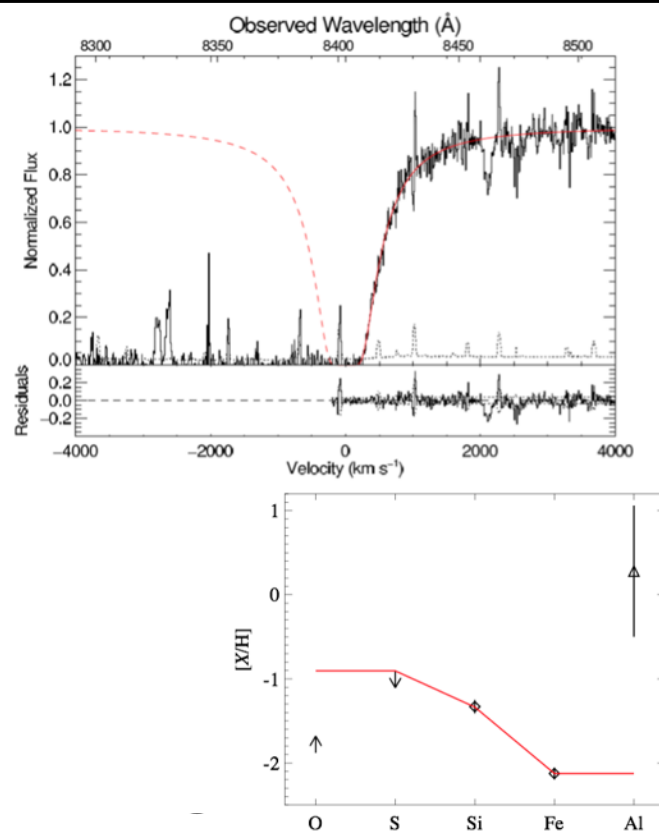
Friis+15

LGRBs & THE FIRST GALAXIES

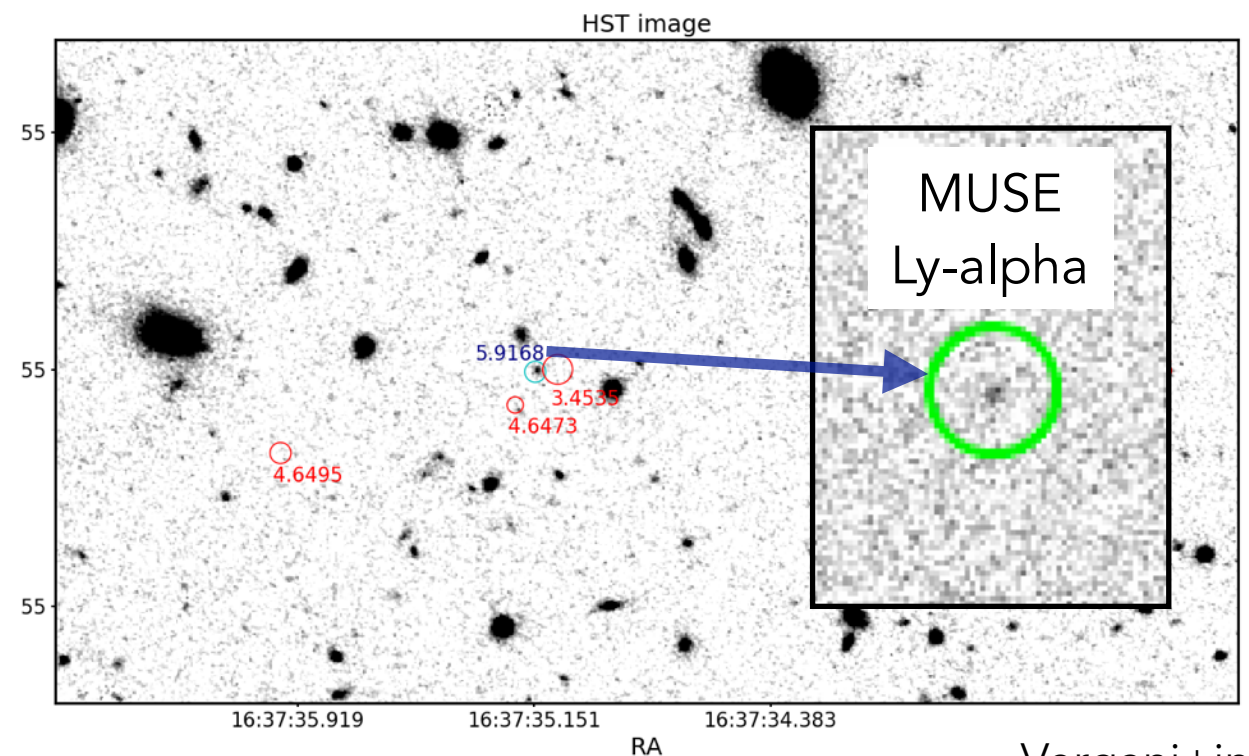
 $z \sim 6$

X-shooter afterglow spectrum

MUSE + HST campaign



Hartoog+15



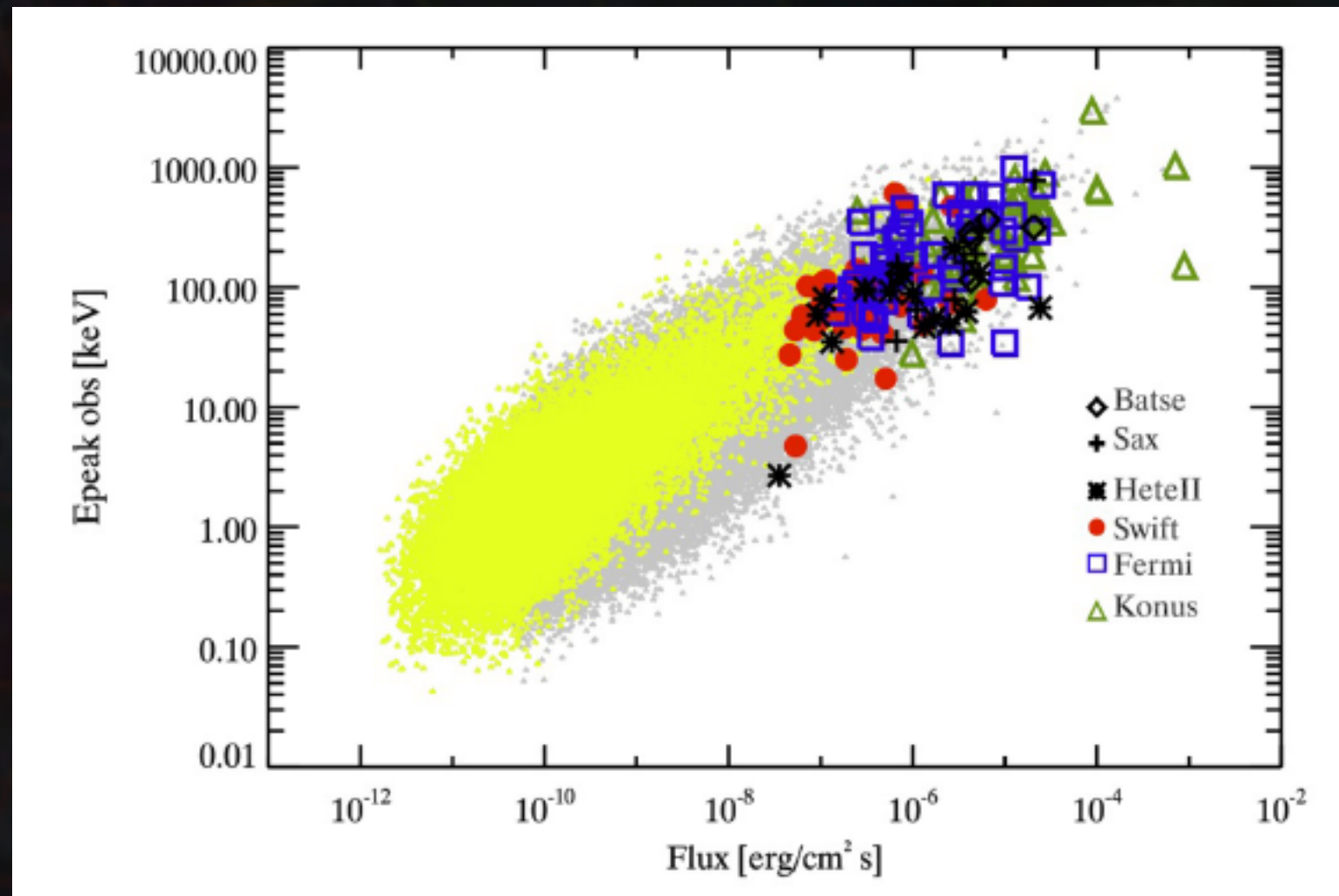
Vergani+in prep.

The only object at high redshift ($z \sim 6$) having information on HI, ISM, continuum and emission lines

JWST to detect nebular lines

We need to increase the number of high- z GRBs detected by the satellites

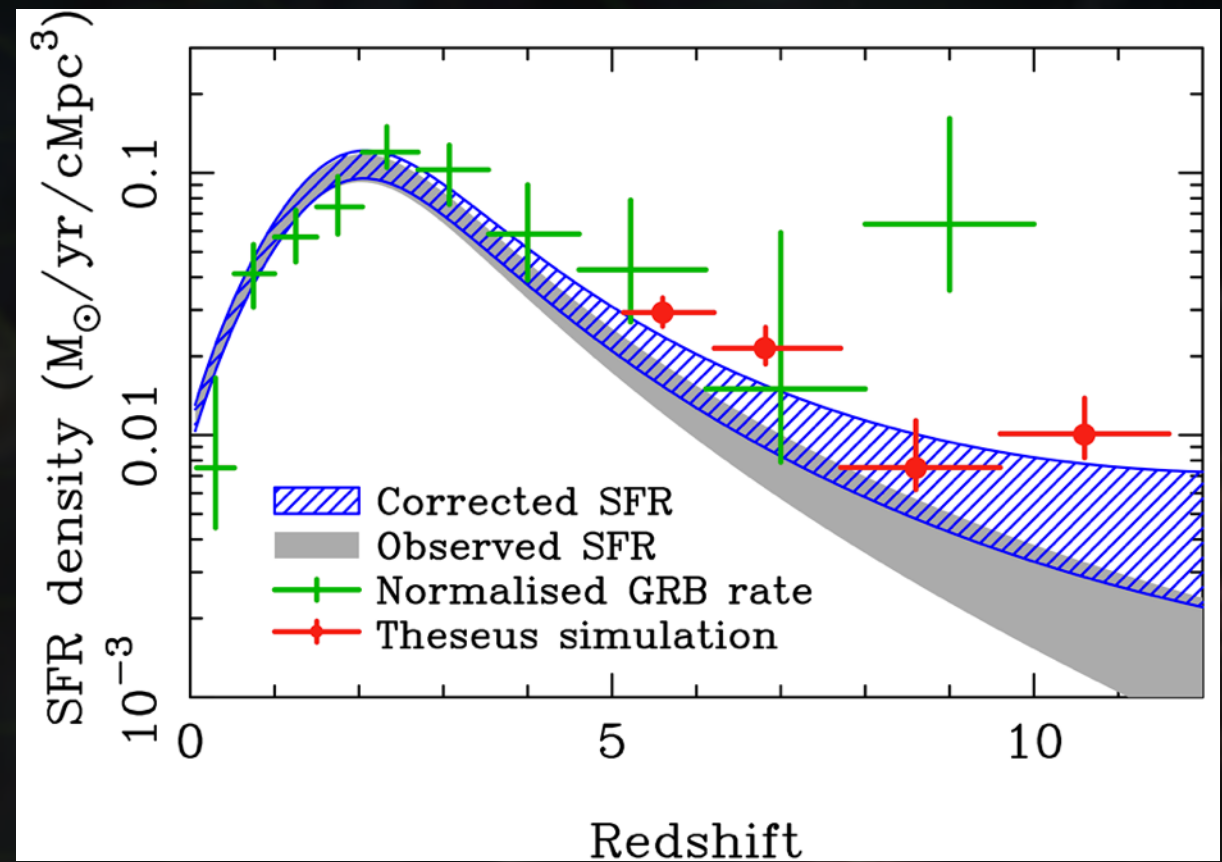
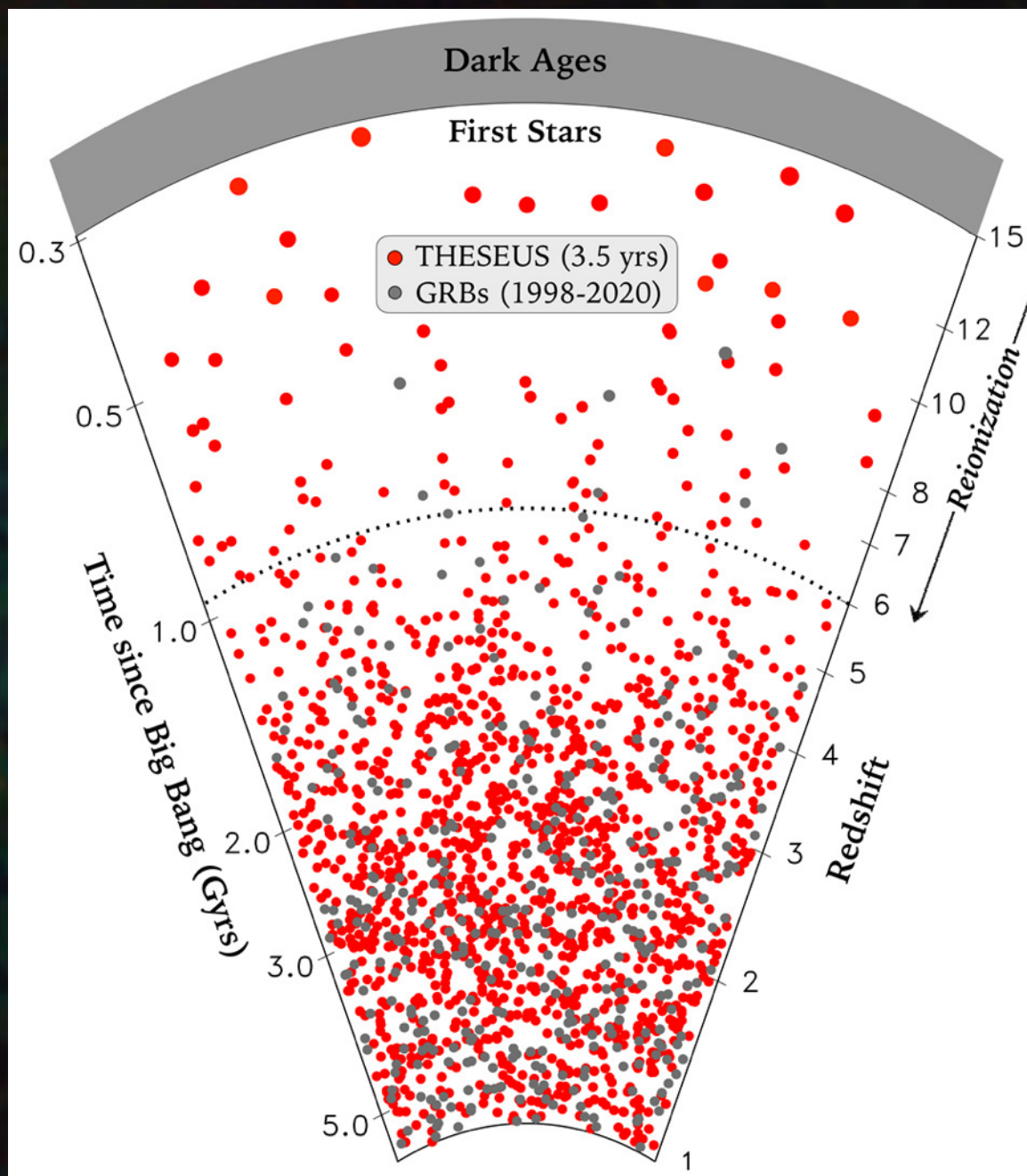
Ghirlanda+ 2015



$z > 5$ population



THESEUS YB



ES
O

- High resolution & S/N afterglow spectroscopy
- Host galaxy detection

THANK YOU!

