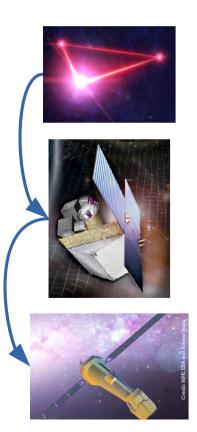


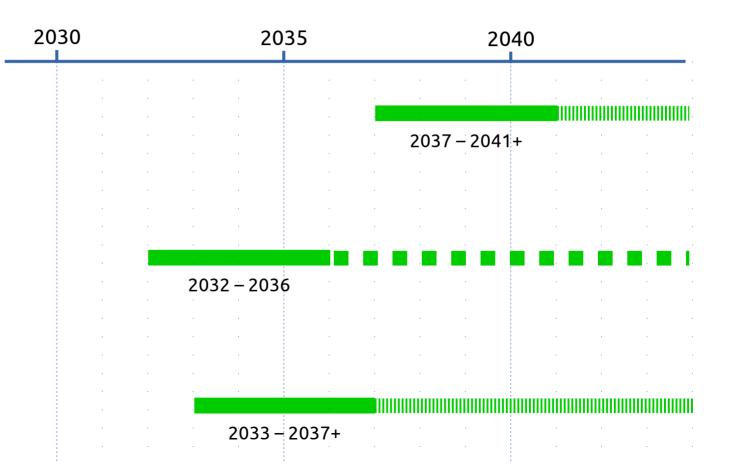
FACULTÉ DES SCIENCES Département d'astronomie

LISA and its possible synergy with THESEUS

Stéphane Paltani University of Geneva

Caveat 1





Caveat 2

White Paper: Athena-LISA Synergies

Athena-LISA Synergy Working Group:

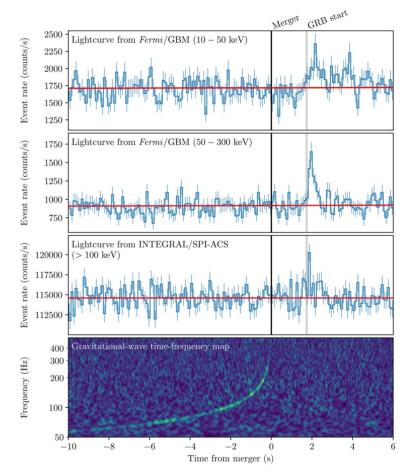
Monica Colpi, Andrew C. Fabian, Matteo Guainazzi, Paul McNamara, Luigi Piro, Nial Tanvir

(with contributions by J.Aird, A.Klein, A.Mangiagli, E.M.Rossi, A.Sesana)

https://www.cosmos.esa.int/documents/678316/1700384/Athena_LISA_Whitepaper_Iss1.0.pdf

Caveat 2a

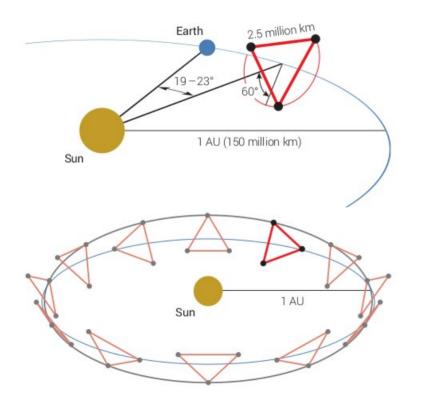
- X-ray fluxes of GW event counterparts are very uncertain
 - Only one detection, for the kilonova GW170817
- Rates of relevant GW events are also very uncertain
- Hard to make realistic quantitative predictions

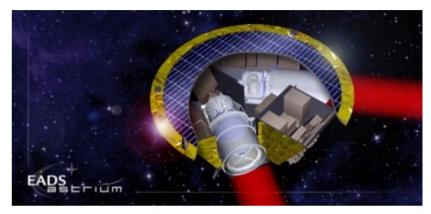


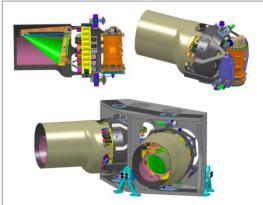
Caveat 2b

- Some goals are only attainable with Athena
 - e.g., those requiring good spectral resolution at the Fe Ka line energy
 - Sensitivity
- If a position is determined to the arcminute, the work of THESEUS is done, as Athena will follow up
 - We focus here on the capability of THESEUS to efficiently provide precise positions for subsequent follow-up by Athena (needed for further follow-up, e.g. z determination)

The LISA Mission

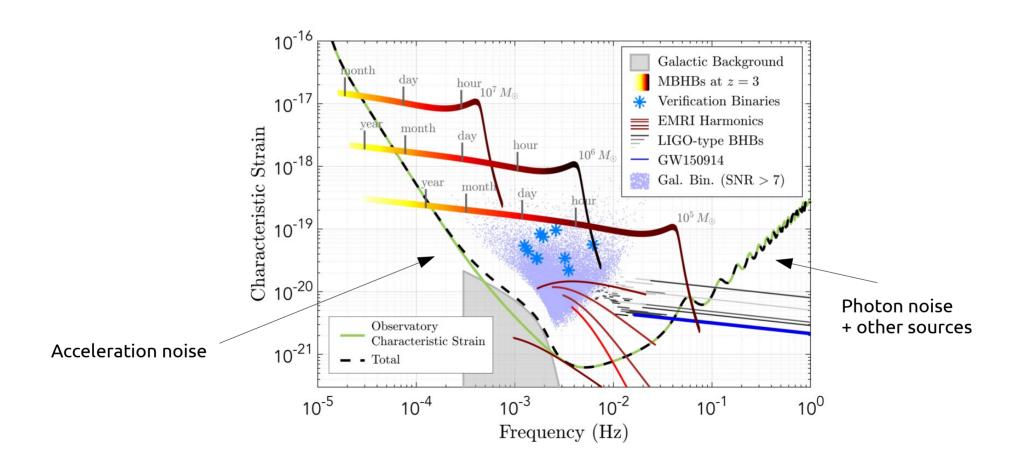




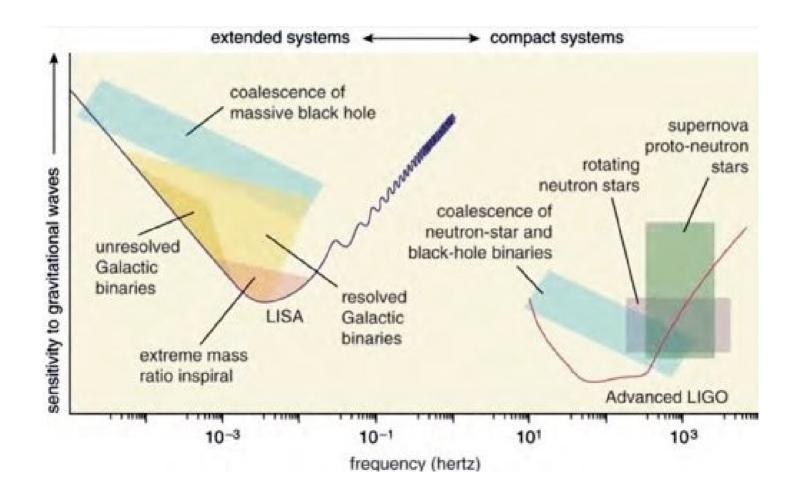


Metrology systems – 30 cm telescopes – 2W lasers

LISA Sensitivity



LISA vs LIGO/VIRGO Sensitivity



LISA Sources

• Extended systems

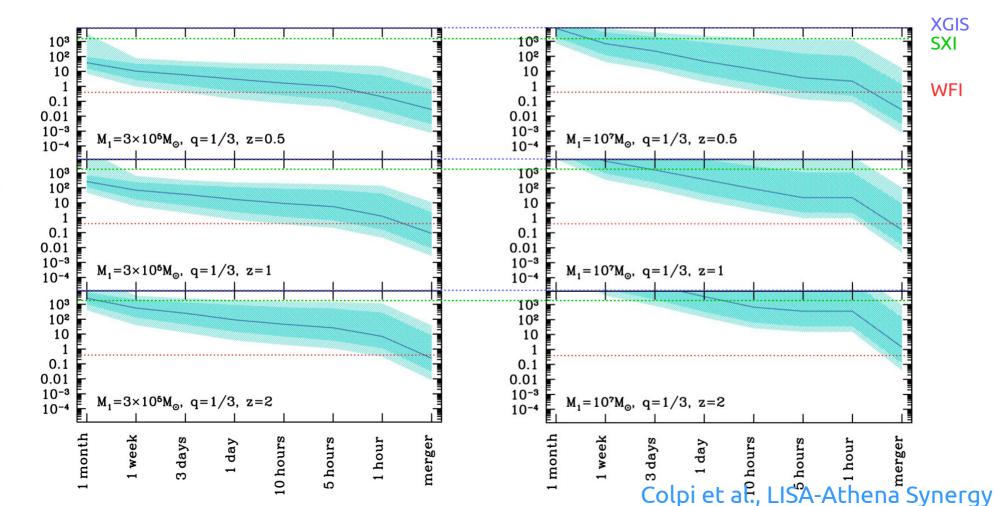
- Massive black-hole binary (BHB) systems in accreting systems
 - Cosmic distance scale (standard sirens)
 - AGN physics (accretion physics; GW fixes BH mass, spin)
 - Fundamental physics (e.g., speed of gravity)
- Extreme mass ratio inspirals
 - Any counterpart in X-rays? Broad X-ray lines in AGN?
- Stellar-mass BHB, years before the merger
 - Not really expected to have any EM counterparts

Colpi et al., LISA-Athena Synergy

Multi-messenger Science with MBHB

- LISA will detect MBHB mergers over the full Universe (z~20)
 - 10 300 events per year, most of them at z>5 and low SNR
- SNR is crucial in determining source position
 - Increases with time until merger \rightarrow position improves
 - Few events will have SNR high enough for precise localization

Localization Accuracy of LISA BHB Mergers



 $\Delta \Omega \, (\mathrm{deg}^2)$

Localization of MBHB Mergers in X-rays

- A few objects expected to have < 1deg² error box at the time of merger (up to z~2)
 - Post-merger phase only is accessible to Athena
- Very rare objects expected to have < 10 deg² error box a few days before the merger (up to z~1)
 - Merger phase is accessible to Athena, with significant effort (mapping 10 deg² in a few days)

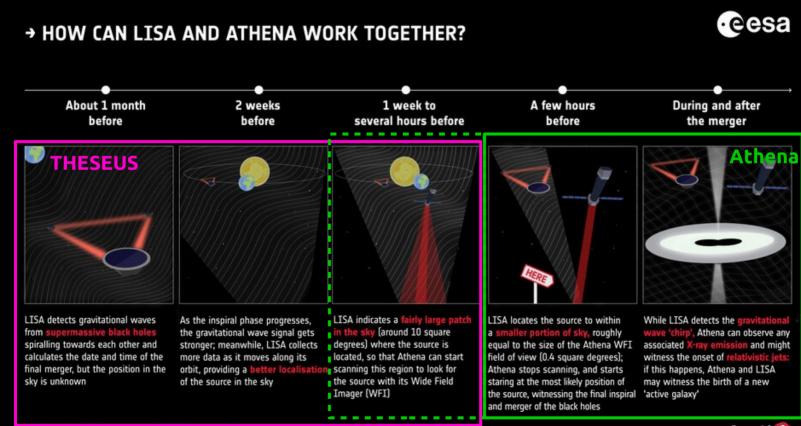
Athena Strategy for the loudest BHB Merger Events

- MBH binaries with a position uncertainty of 10 deg² 3 days before merging
- 23x9 ks WFI pointings can be used to map the whole area in 3 days
 - Can be reduced by targeting the maximum-likelihood area
- But observing the area is not be sufficient!
 - 100s of sources in the WFI pointing
 - Time signature of the signal, ~10⁻² 10⁻³ Hz, necessary to provide unambiguous identification

THESEUS Identification of MBH Binaries EM Counterparts

- For 107 $\rm M_{\odot}$ BHB mergers:
 - XGIS observation for 1 day (z~2) to 1 month (z~0.5)
 - SXI observation for $\frac{1}{2}$ (z~2) to 10 days (z~0.5)
- For $3.10^5 M_{\odot}$ BHB mergers:
 - SXI (and XGIS) observation for a month, possibly much more
- Confusion limited regime to be expected, but time signature might provide unambiguous identification

How can LISA and THESEUS (and Athena) work together?



Conclusion

- LISA X-ray synergy presents significant unknowns
 - GW event rate
 - X-ray luminosity
- BHB mergers are the most promising candidates
 - But it is challenging for Athena as well
 - Tedious observing campaign
 - Proper identification of the counterpart
 - THESEUS might be the best way to provide accurate localizations to Athena through time signatures