

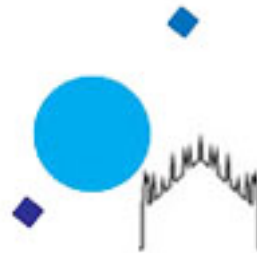


# THESEUS capabilities for time variability studies

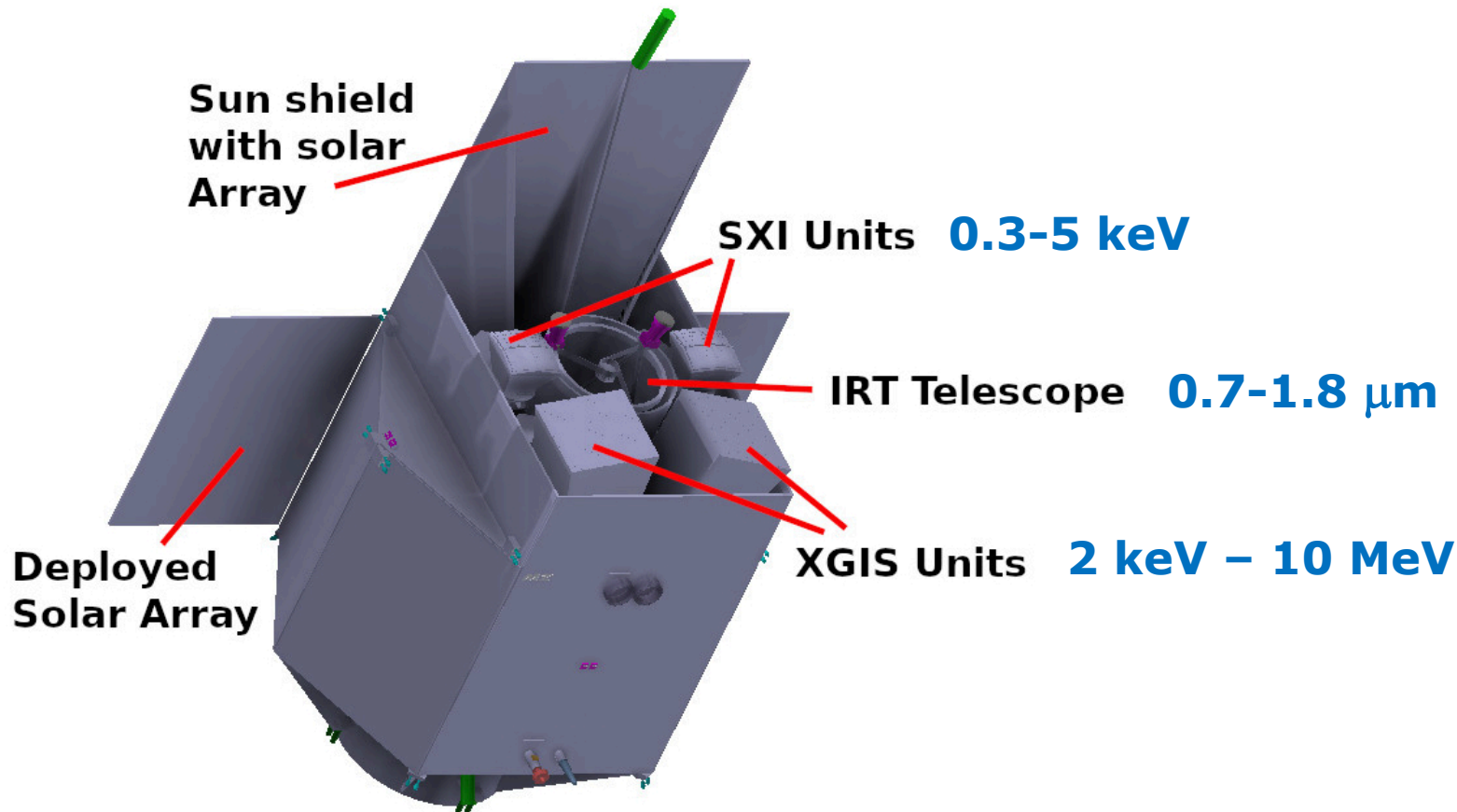
THESEUS CONFERENCE 2021, VIRTUAL  
23-26 March 2021

**Sandro Mereghetti - INAF, IASF-Milano**

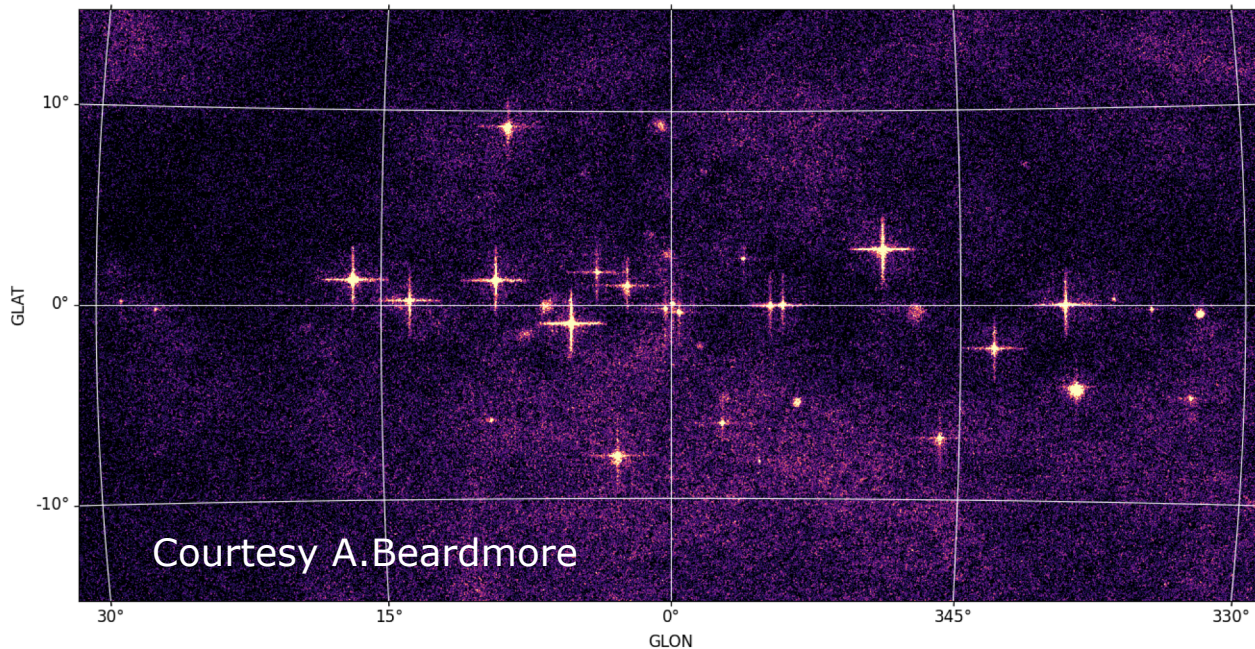
on behalf of the Science Working Group  
on Time-domain Astronomy



# THESEUS Satellite



# SXI: High and uniform sensitivity over wide FoV



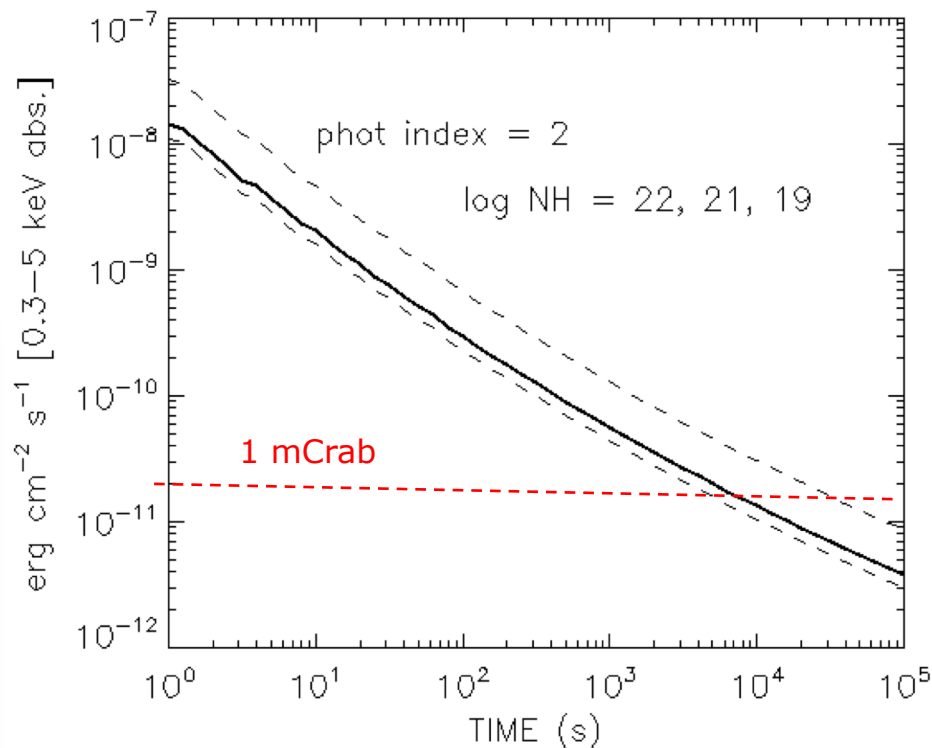
Simulation of Galactic  
Center region

2.4 ks exposure

60 x 30 deg<sup>2</sup>

0.3-5 keV

# SXI: High and uniform sensitivity over wide FoV

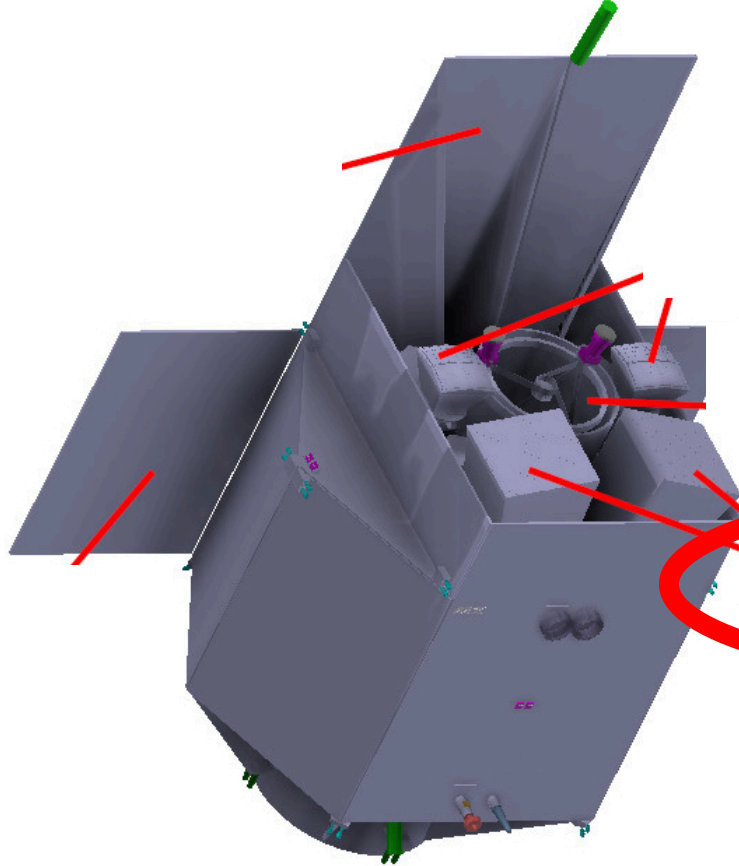


~ mCrab sensitivity in 10 ks in the soft energy range

Exact value depends on source spectrum and absorption

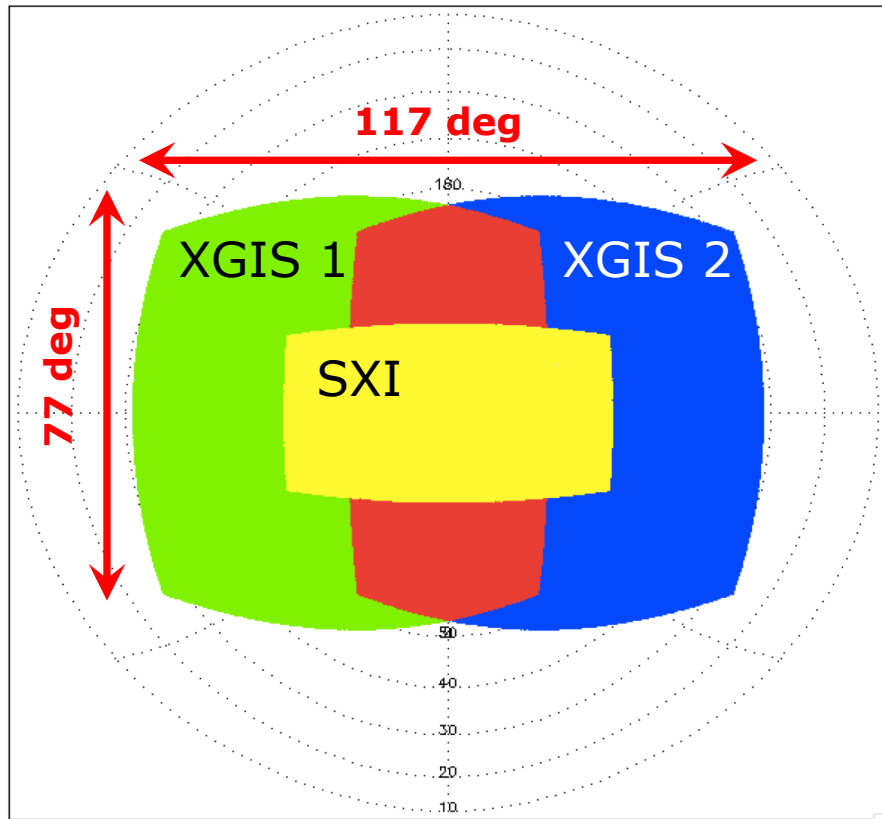


# THESEUS Satellite: XGIS



**XGIS Units** 2 keV – 10 MeV

# XGIS: increases the FoV and energy coverage



**2 – 150 keV  
with imaging on 2 sr FoV**

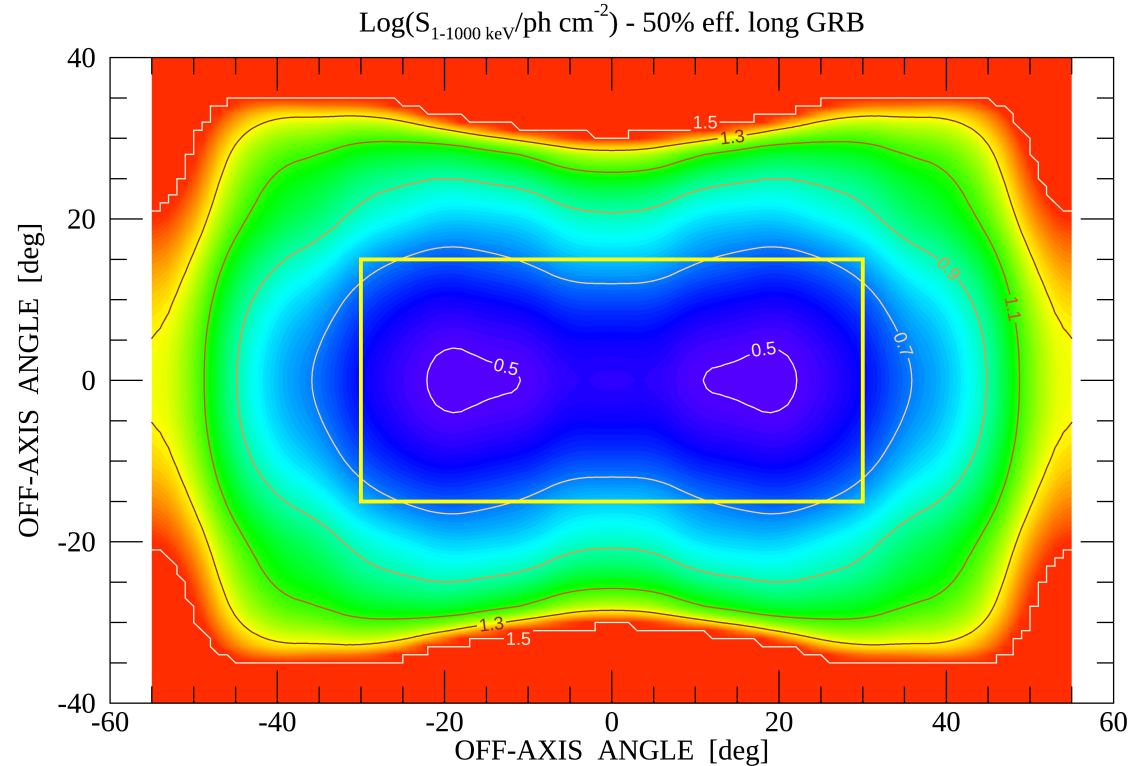
150 keV - 10 MeV  
without imaging on  $\sim 4$  sr FoV

# XGIS sensitivity depends on source direction



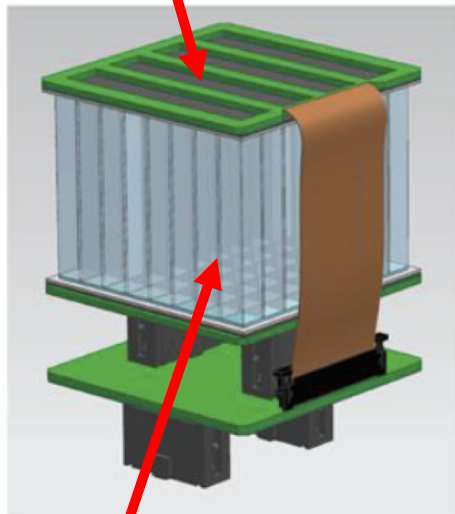
Combining the two  
XGIS units

→ nearly uniform  
sensitivity over a  
FoV equivalent to  
that of SXI

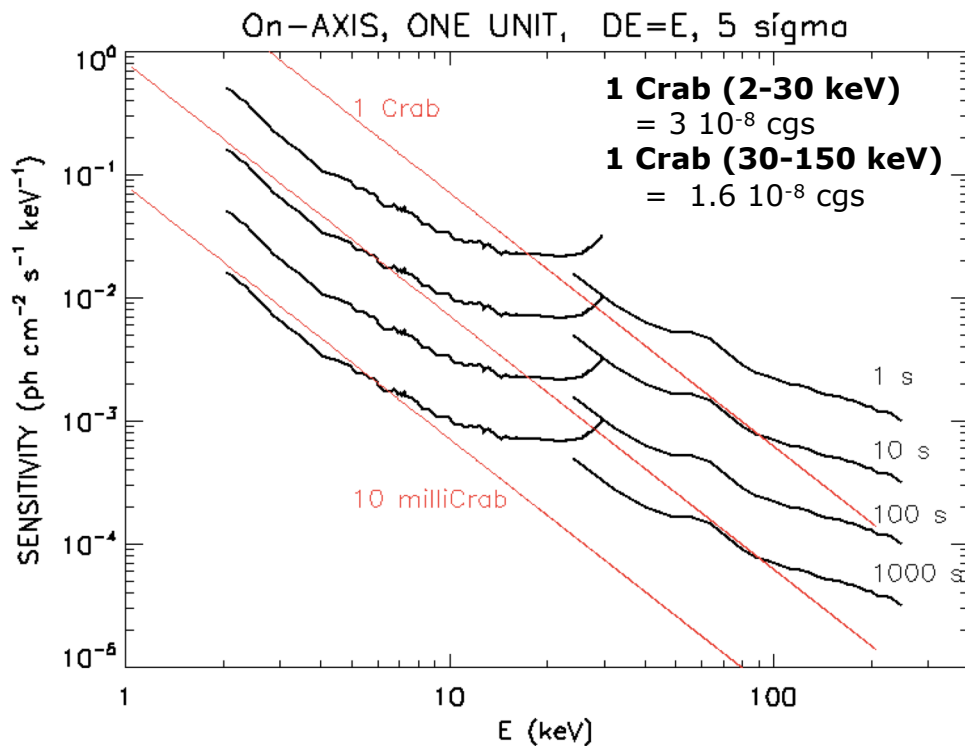


# XGIS sensitivity

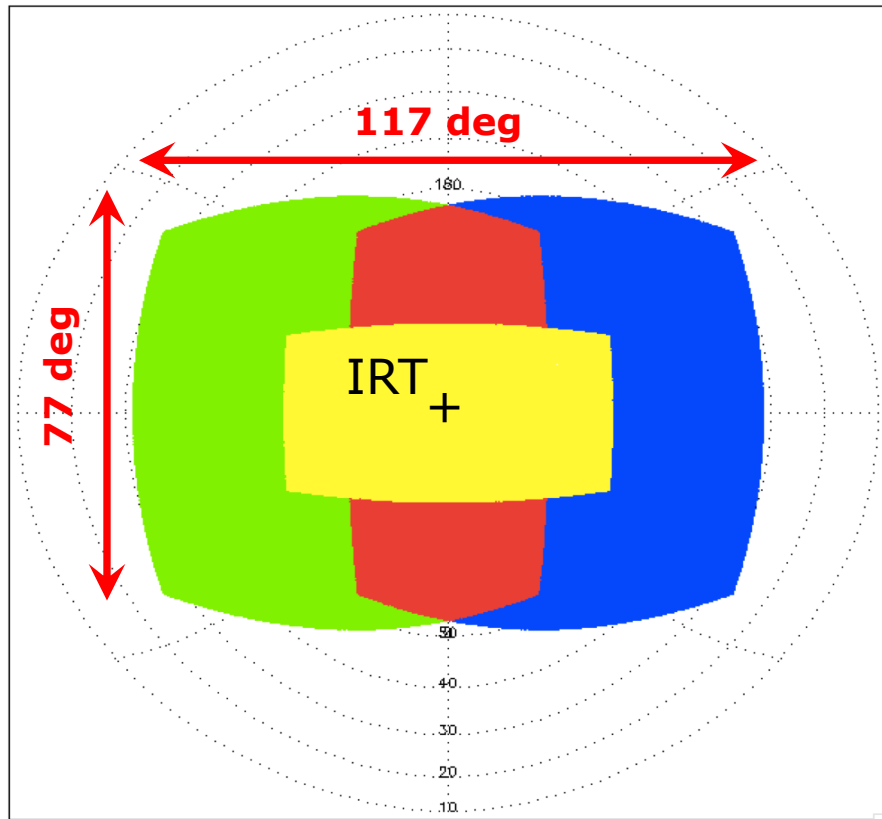
**SDD 2-30 keV**



**CsI 30 keV – 10 MeV**



# Pointing direction of the Infrared Telescope



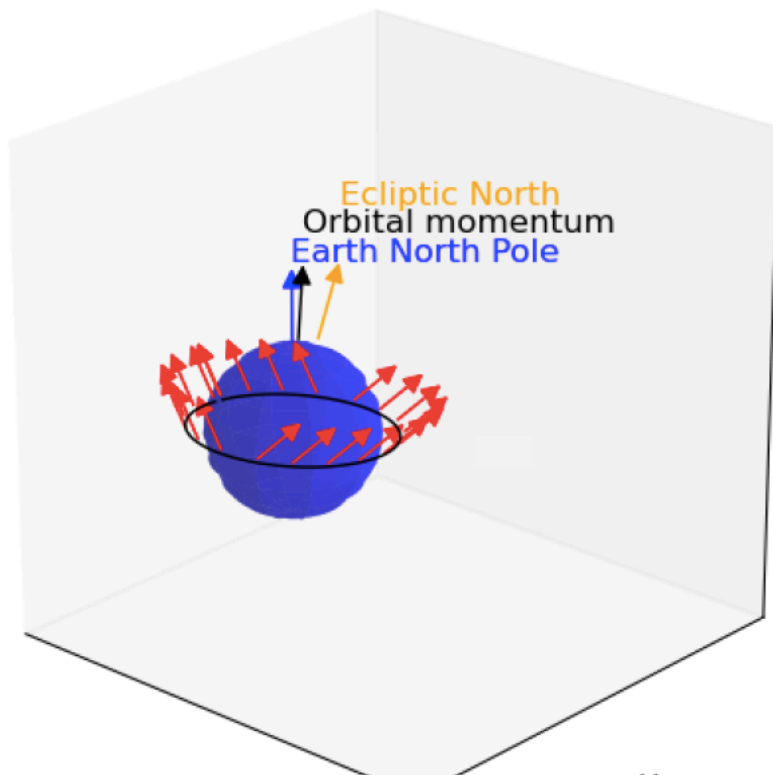
**IRT points at the center of SXI FoV**

15x15 arcmin<sup>2</sup>

Small (~few deg) shift wrt nominal *survey pointings* to have always interesting targets in IRT FoV

**→ talk by A. Blain on *Observatory Science***

# THESEUS Pointing Strategy



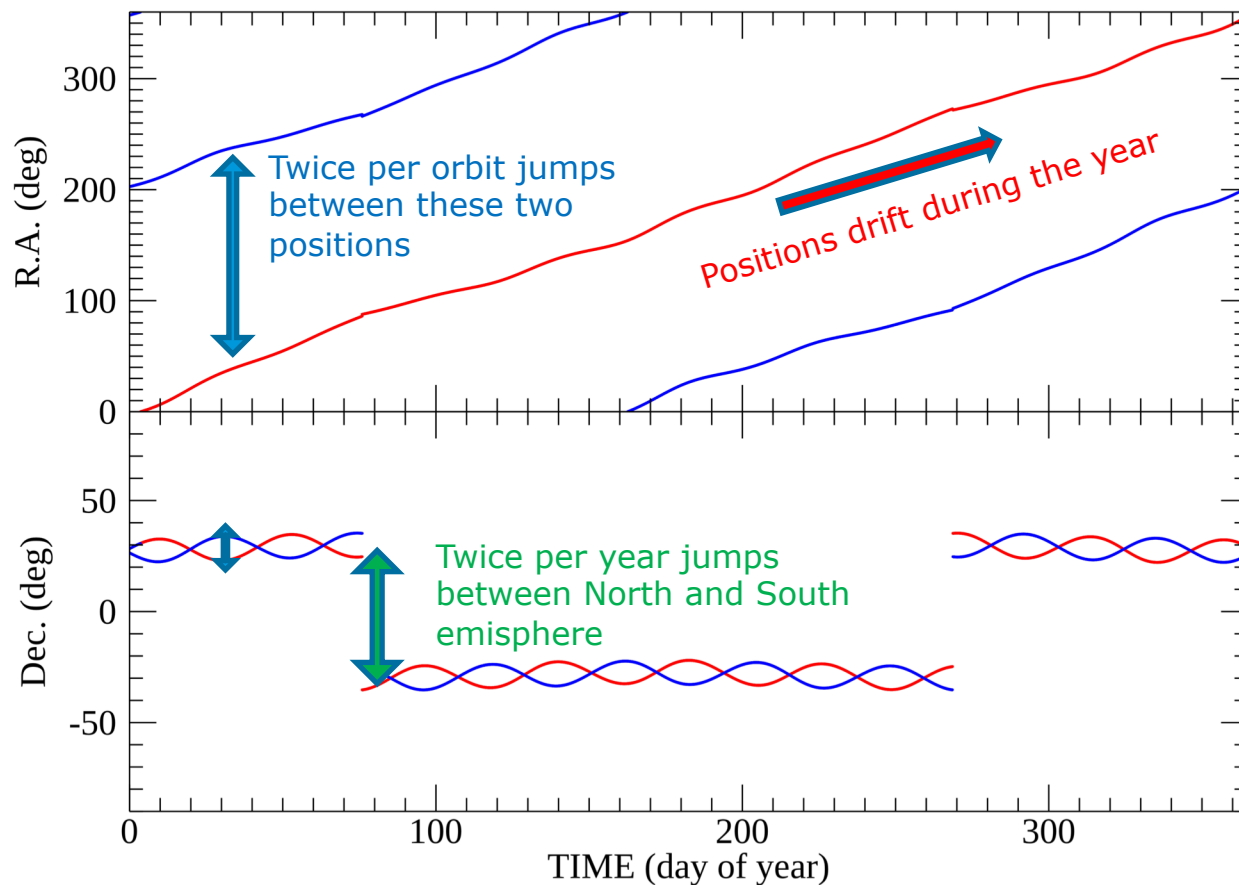
## Two *Survey Pointing* directions for each orbit

- Minimize Earth in the FoV
- Optimize follow-up from large telescopes on ground

Interrupted ~once per day to follow-up the discovered GRBs



# Survey Pointing directions in one year



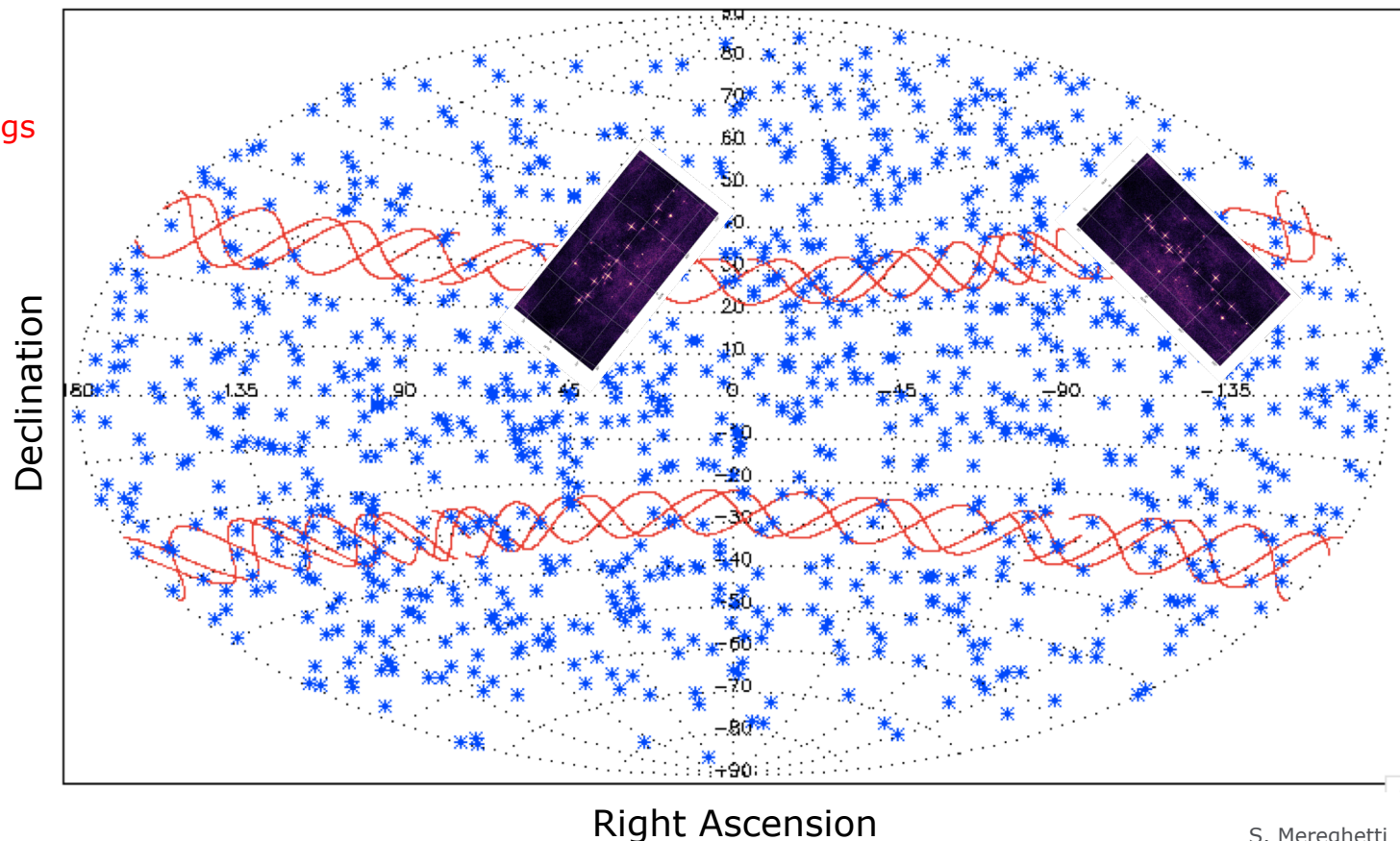
# THESEUS Pointing Strategy



In  $\sim 3.5$  years:

$\sim 31000$  Survey pointings  
( $\sim 2.3$  ks each)

$\sim 1000$  GRB pointings  
( $\sim 1-20$  ks)



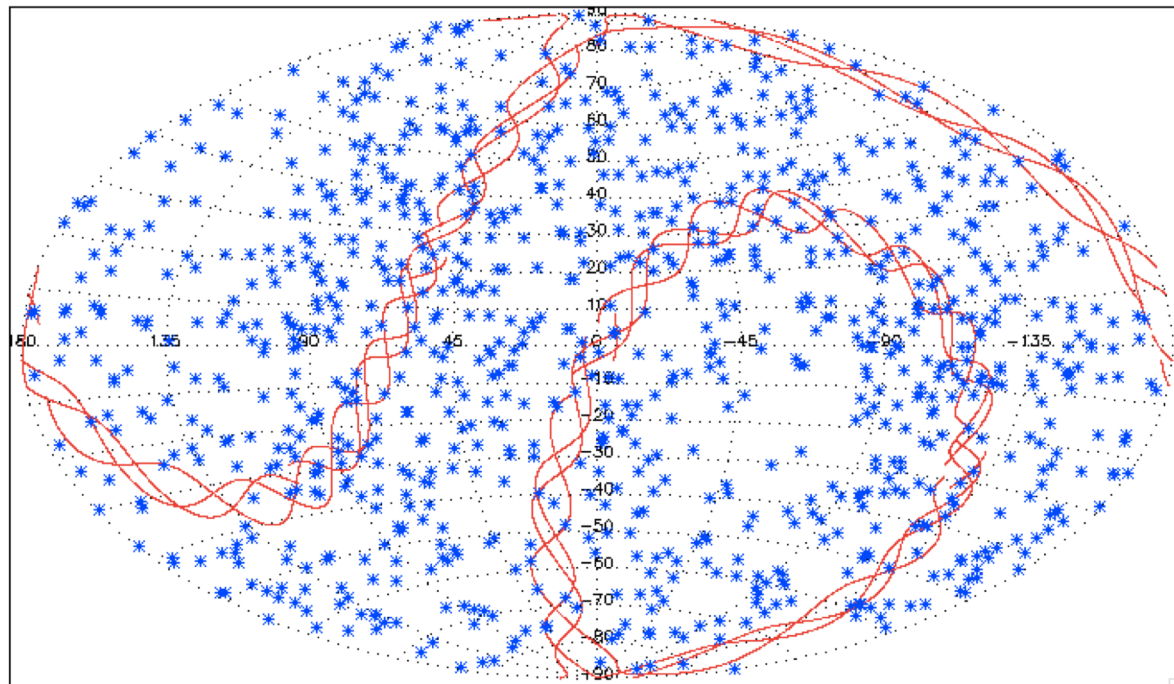
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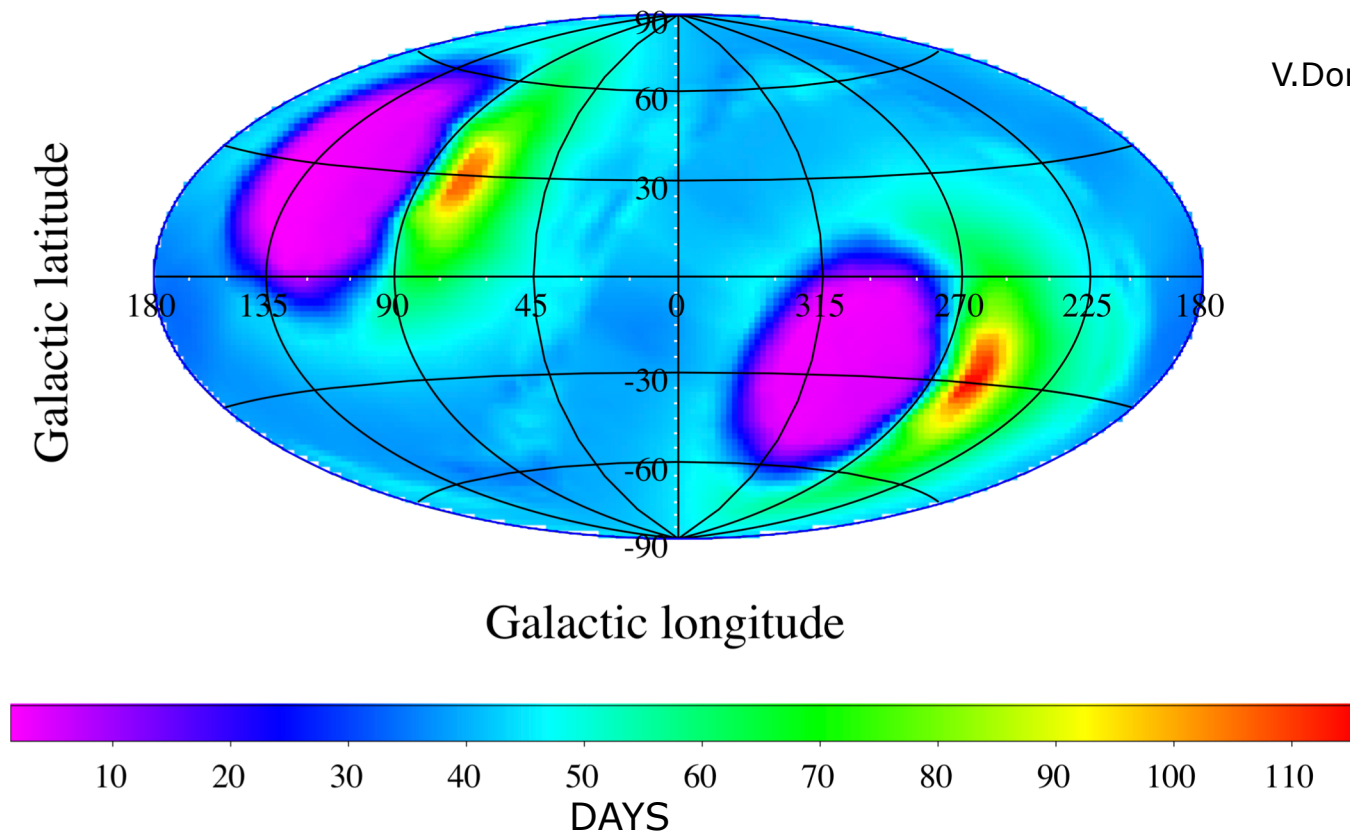
## Galactic Coordinates



# SXI exposure map



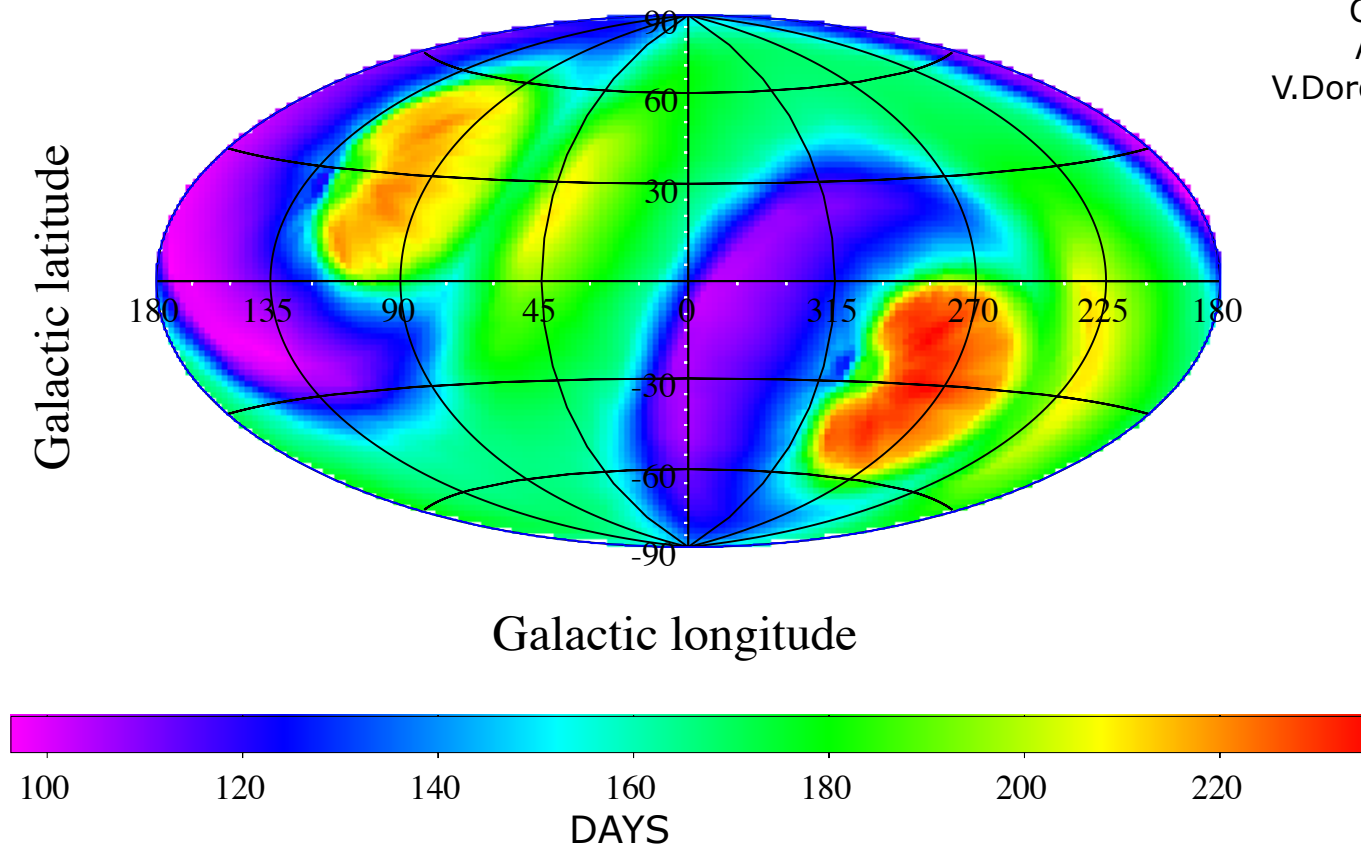
Courtesy  
A.Rocchi  
V.Doroshenko



# XGIS exposure map



Courtesy  
A.Rocchi  
V.Doroshenko

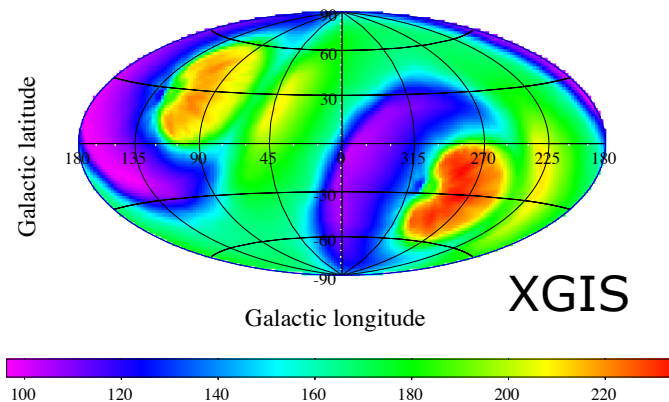
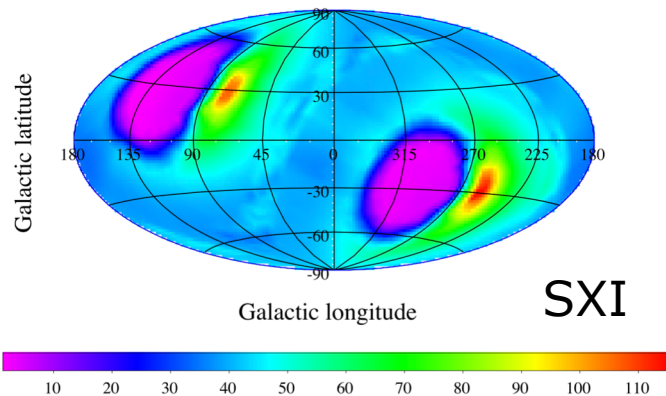


# Cadence of Survey Pointings observations



- Coverage depends on source sky coordinates

XGIS provides greater coverage due to larger FoV





# Cadence of Survey Pointings observations



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XGIS provides greater coverage due to larger FoV

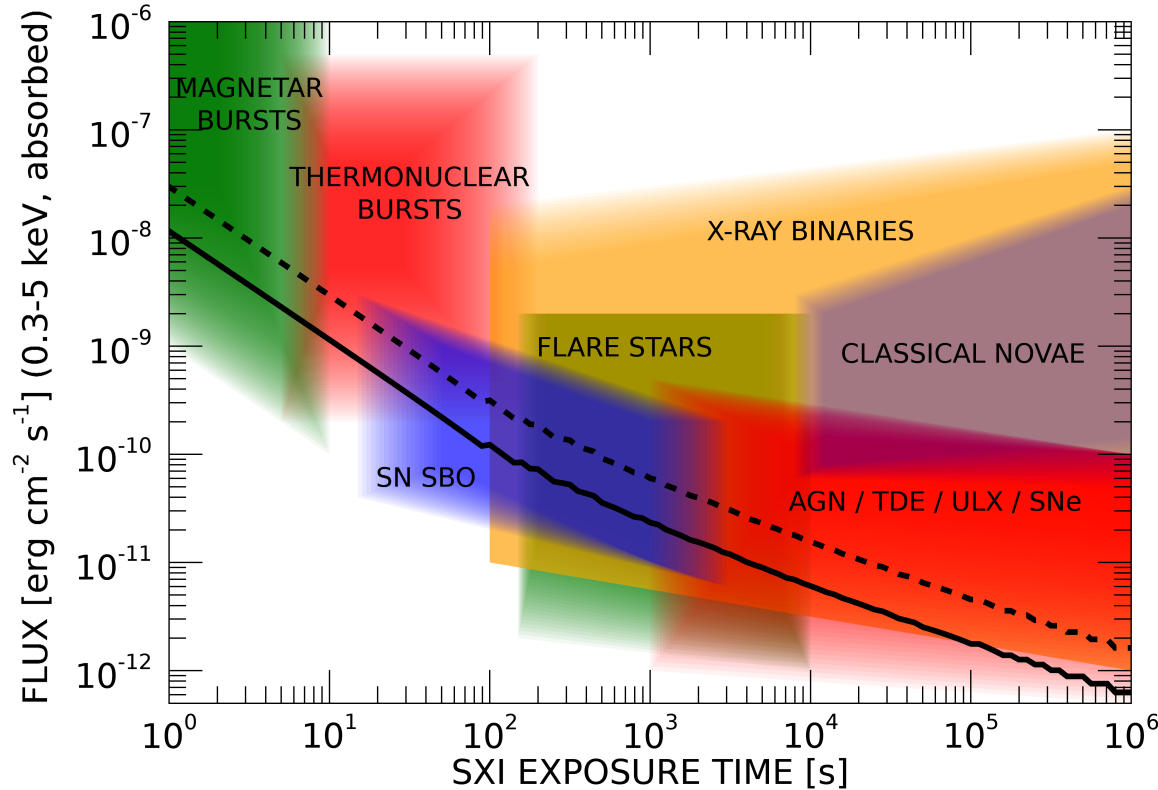
- Seasonal visibility periods from few days to few months

with 15 pointings of 2.3 ks each every day at  $\sim 1.5$  hr intervals

$F_{\text{MIN}} \sim 3 \cdot 10^{-11}$  erg/cm<sup>2</sup>/s in each pointing (0.3-5 keV)

$F_{\text{MIN}} \sim 5 \cdot 10^{-12}$  erg/cm<sup>2</sup>/s in one day

# Efficient monitoring of many classes of sources



# Stellar flares

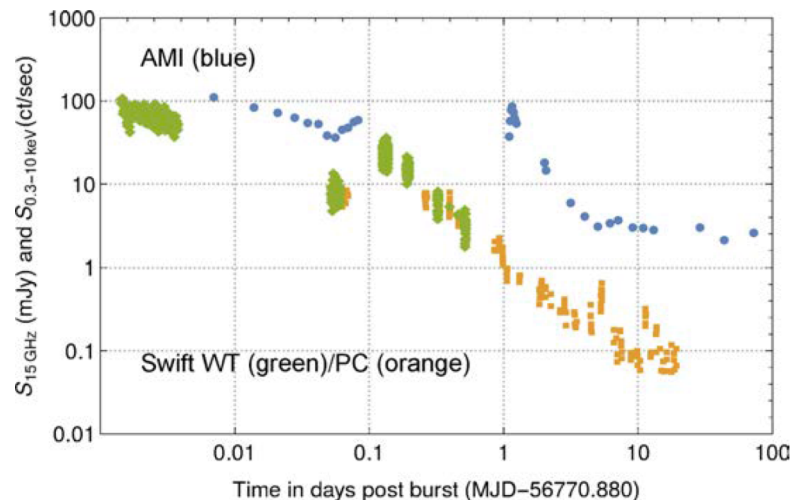


High rate expected in SXI

On-board catalog of nearby active stars to prevent undesired slews,

EXCEPT in case of **Super-Flares**:

- rare events with much larger energy ( $\times 10^4$ ) and longer duration ( $\sim$ days)
- can have hard X-ray emission detectable with XGIS
- unique opportunity for correlated NIR / soft X / hard X observations
- synergies with ground based multi- $\lambda$



# Compact objects in X-ray binaries



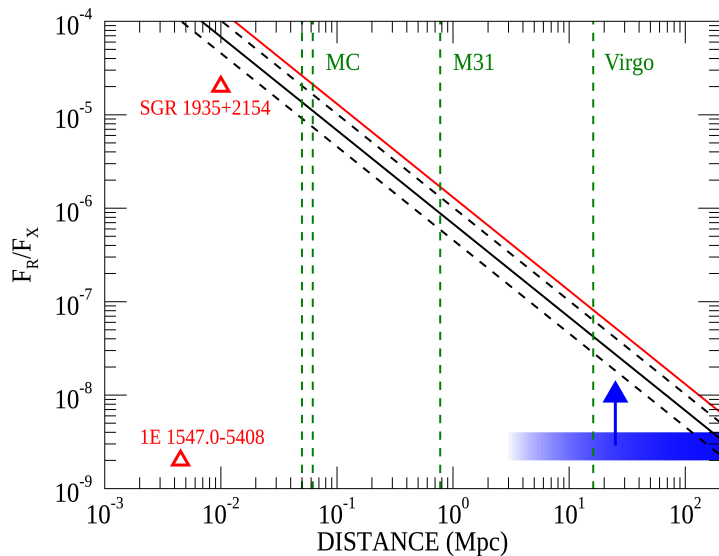
- physics of accretion/ejection in WD, NS, BH exploiting wide energy coverage
- Periodic and non-periodic variability on all timescales  
(bursts / outbursts of transients / changes of state / ... )
- Long term monitoring with high cadence will provide information on duty cycles, orbital/super-orbital modulations (e.g. SFXTs), triggers for transients
- Accreting ms-PSRs (and transitional MSP) → **talk by D.De Martino**
- HMXB variability → **talk by V.Doroshenko**

# Magnetars / Fast Radio Bursts

Monitoring of few tens of Galactic magnetars + newly discovered ones

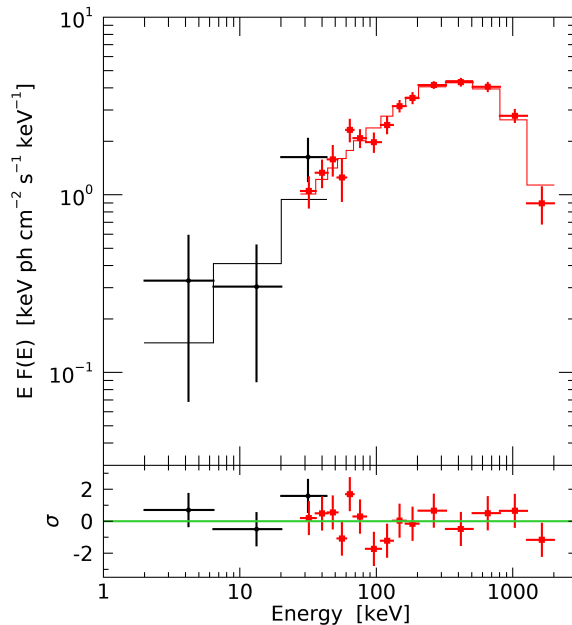
Counterparts of Fast Radio Bursts

Giant Flares in nearby (tens Mpc) galaxies



SXI and **XGIS** detectability of FRB as a function of ratio of Radio to X-ray fluence

GRB 200415A



Simulated XGIS spectrum of GRB200415A a likely Giant Flare from a magnetar in NGC 253

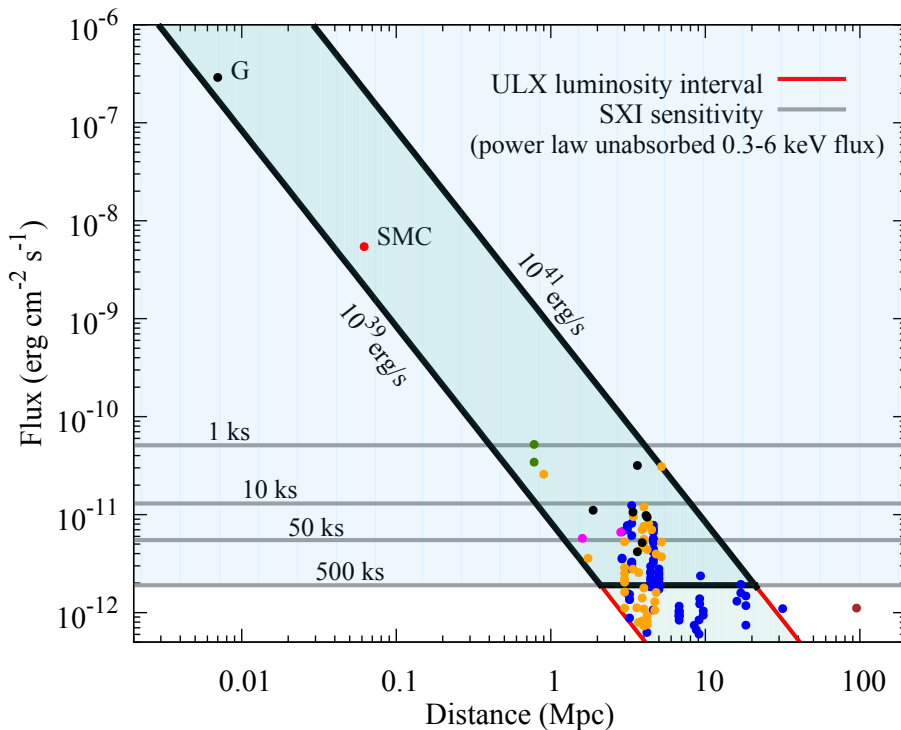
→ Talks by N.Rea, M.Doyle, O.Roberts

# Extragalactic sources

- ULXs
- Tidal Disruption Events  
→ talk by **N.Webb**
- SNe and shock breakouts  
→ talk by **L.Izzo**
- AGNs changing look AGNs – Quasi  
Periodic Eruptions – Blazars  
→ talks by **C.Ricci,**  
**A. Markowitz,**  
**M.Caballero-Garcia**



THESEUS detectability of ULXs  
(courtesy M.H.Erkut)





# CONCLUSIONS



- **High sensitivity + Large FoV + Broad energy range** of XSI & XGIS offer great opportunities for additional science *without interfering with THESEUS's main objectives*
- Frequent cadence of observations and large sky coverage
  - statistical characterization of spectral/variability properties of large samples of Galactic and extra-Galactic sources
  - discovery of new transients and synergies with other facilities
- Added value thanks to the availability of IRT for simultaneous observations